



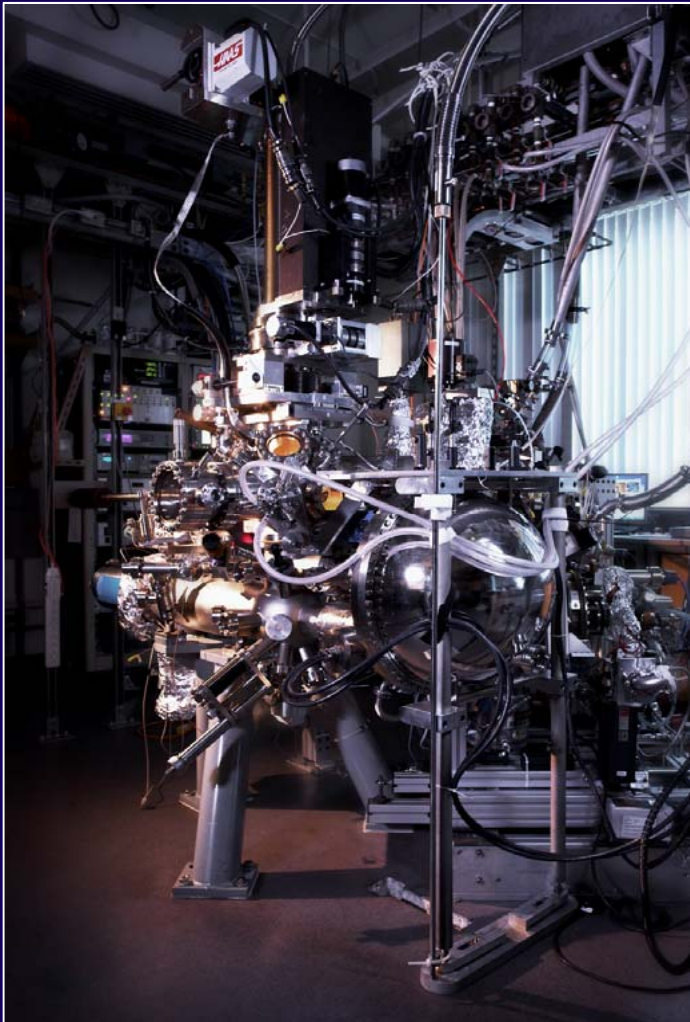
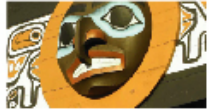
UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Andrea Damascelli

Spin-orbital entanglement and  
spin-triplet pairing in  $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$



Max Planck - UBC  
Quantum Matter Institute



C.N. Veenstra, Z.-H. Zhu,  
G. Levy, B. Ludbrook,  
J.A. Rosen, R. Comin

M.H. Haverkort, I.S. Elfimov

A. Damascelli



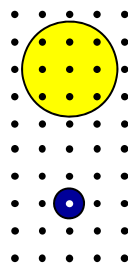
S. Kittaka, Y. Maeno

Kyoto University

# Strongly Correlated Electron Systems

Comin & Damascelli  
arXiv:1303.1438

**d - f**  
**open**  
**shells**  
**materials**



$U \ll W$   
Charge fluctuations

$U \gg W$   
Spin fluctuations

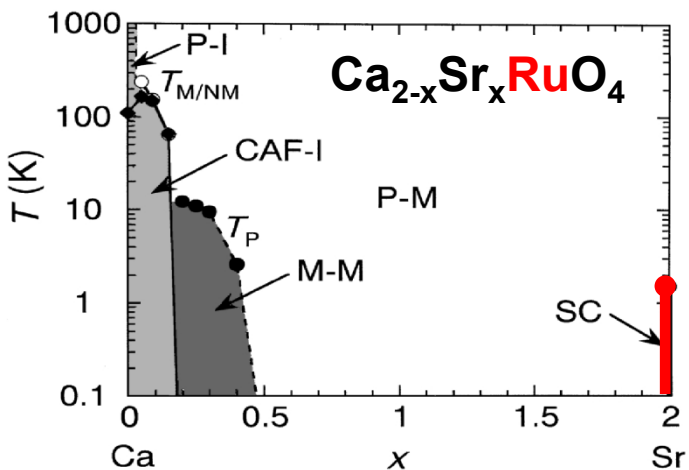
| I            | II | IIIb | IVb | Vb | VIb | VIIb | VIIIb | Ib | IIb | III | IV | V  | VI | VII | 0  |    |    |
|--------------|----|------|-----|----|-----|------|-------|----|-----|-----|----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|
| H            |    |      |     |    |     |      |       |    |     |     |    |    |    |     | He |    |    |
| Li           | Be |      |     |    |     |      |       |    |     | B   | C  | N  | O  | F   | Ne |    |    |
| Na           | Mg |      |     |    |     |      |       |    |     | Al  | Si | P  | S  | Cl  | Ar |    |    |
| K            | Ca | Sc   | Ti  | V  | Cr  | Mn   | Fe    | Co | Ni  | Cu  | Zn | Ga | Ge | As  | Se | Br | Kr |
| Rb           | Sr | Y    | Zr  | Nb | Mo  | Tc   | Ru    | Rh | Pd  | Ag  | Cd | In | Sn | Sb  | Te | I  | Xe |
| Cs           | Ba | La*  | Hf  | Ta | W   | Re   | Os    | Ir | Pt  | Au  | Hg | Tl | Pb | Bi  | Po | At | Rn |
| Fr           | Ra | Ac** | Rf  | Db | Sg  | Bh   | Hs    | Mt |     |     |    |    |    |     |    |    |    |
| Lanthanides* |    | Ce   | Pr  | Nd | Pm  | Sm   | Eu    | Gd | Tb  | Dy  | Ho | Er | Tm | Yb  | Lu |    |    |
| Actinides**  |    | Th   | Pa  | U  | Np  | Pu   | Am    | Cm | Bk  | Cf  | Es | Fm | Md | No  | Lr |    |    |

Degrees of  
freedom

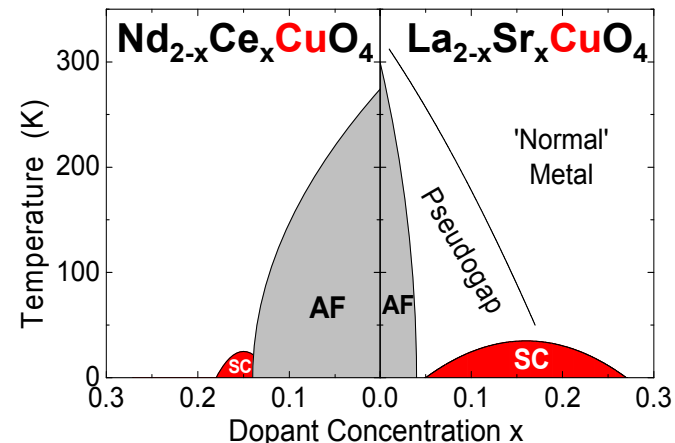
Charge / Spin  
Orbital  
Lattice

Control  
parameters

Bandwidth ( $U/W$ )  
Band filling  
Dimensionality



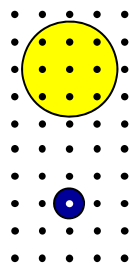
- Kondo
- Mott-Hubbard
- Heavy Fermions
- Unconventional SC
- Spin-charge order
- Colossal MR



# Strongly Correlated Electron Systems

Comin & Damascelli  
arXiv:1303.1438

**d - f  
open  
shells  
materials**



$U \ll W$   
Charge fluctuations

$U \gg W$   
Spin fluctuations

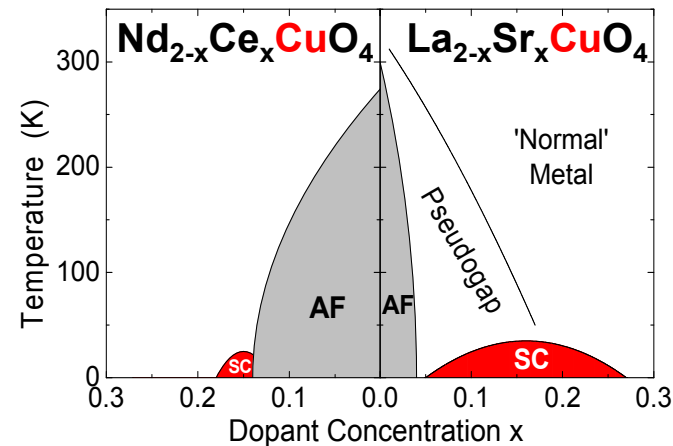
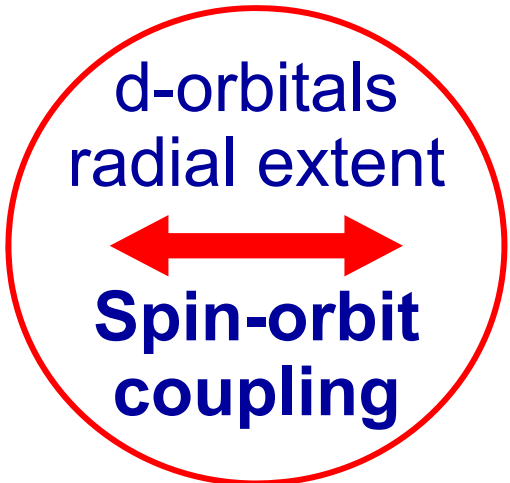
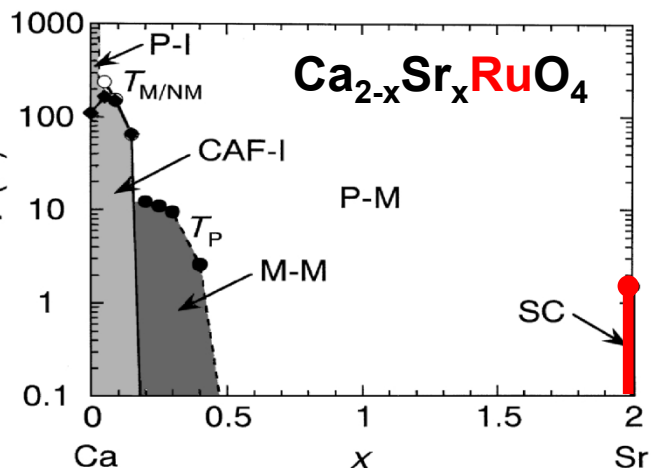
**Control  
parameters**

**Degrees of  
freedom**

**Charge / Spin  
Orbital  
Lattice**

**Bandwidth ( $U/W$ )  
Band filling  
Dimensionality**

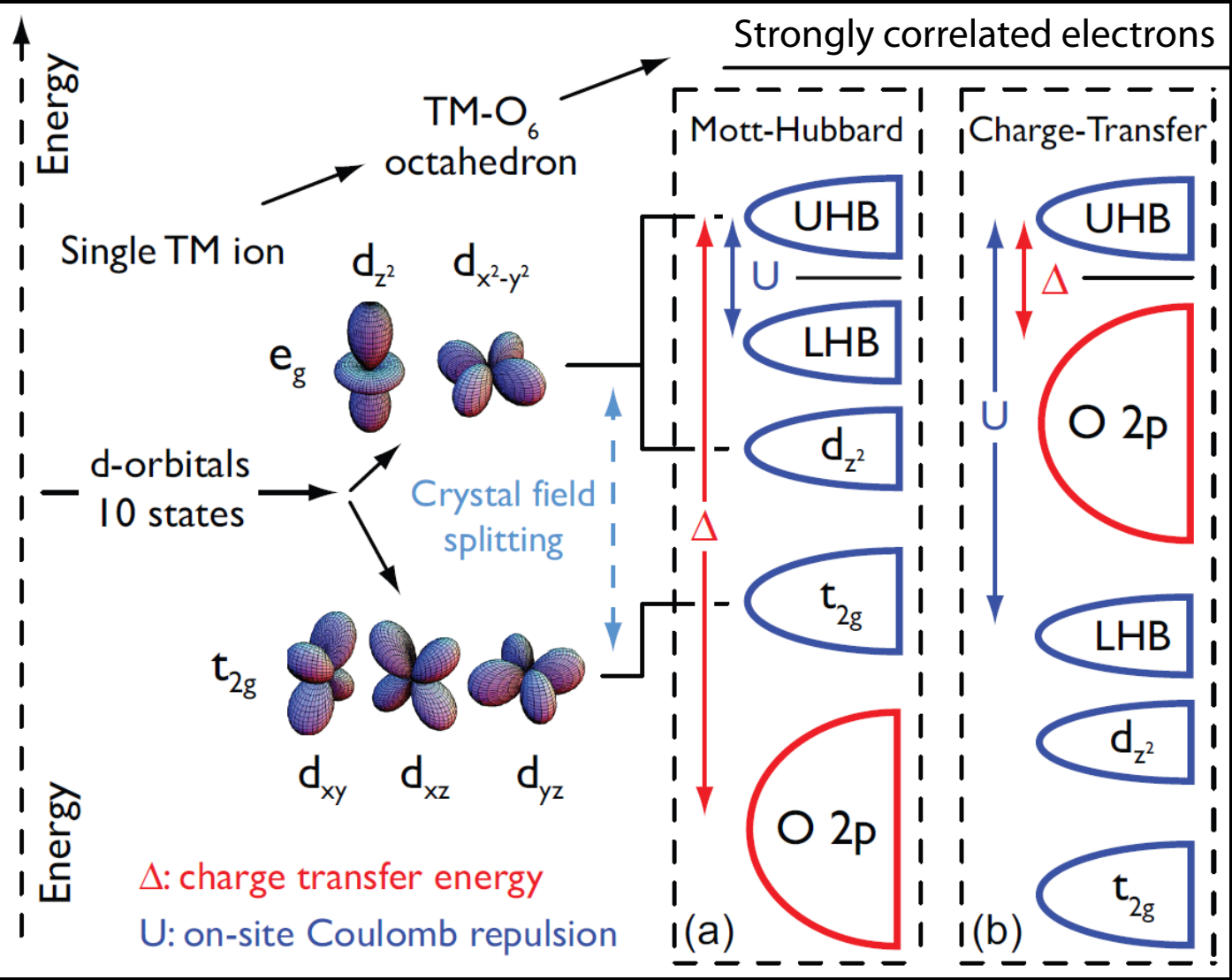
| I            | II | IIIb | IVb | Vb | VIb | VIIb | VIIIb | Ib | IIb | III | IV | V  | VI | VII | 0  |    |    |
|--------------|----|------|-----|----|-----|------|-------|----|-----|-----|----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|
| H            |    |      |     |    |     |      |       |    |     |     |    |    |    |     | He |    |    |
| Li           | Be |      |     |    |     |      |       |    |     | B   | C  | N  | O  | F   | Ne |    |    |
| Na           | Mg |      |     |    |     |      |       |    |     | Al  | Si | P  | S  | Cl  | Ar |    |    |
| K            | Ca | Sc   | Ti  | V  | Cr  | Mn   | Fe    | Co | Ni  | Cu  | Zn | Ga | Ge | As  | Se | Br | Kr |
| Rb           | Sr | Y    | Zr  | Nb | Mo  | Tc   | Ru    | Rh | Pd  | Ag  | Cd | In | Sn | Sb  | Te | I  | Xe |
| Cs           | Ba | La*  | Hf  | Ta | W   | Re   | Os    | Ir | Pt  | Au  | Hg | Tl | Pb | Bi  | Po | At | Rn |
| Fr           | Ra | Ac** | Rf  | Db | Sg  | Bh   | Hs    | Mt |     |     |    |    |    |     |    |    |    |
| Lanthanides* |    | Ce   | Pr  | Nd | Pm  | Sm   | Eu    | Gd | Tb  | Dy  | Ho | Er | Tm | Yb  | Lu |    |    |
| Actinides**  |    | Th   | Pa  | U  | Np  | Pu   | Am    | Cm | Bk  | Cf  | Es | Fm | Md | No  | Lr |    |    |



Mott criterion  $U > W$

Early  
3d TMO

Late  
3d TMO





# Interplay of Coulomb $U$ and SO in 5d iridates

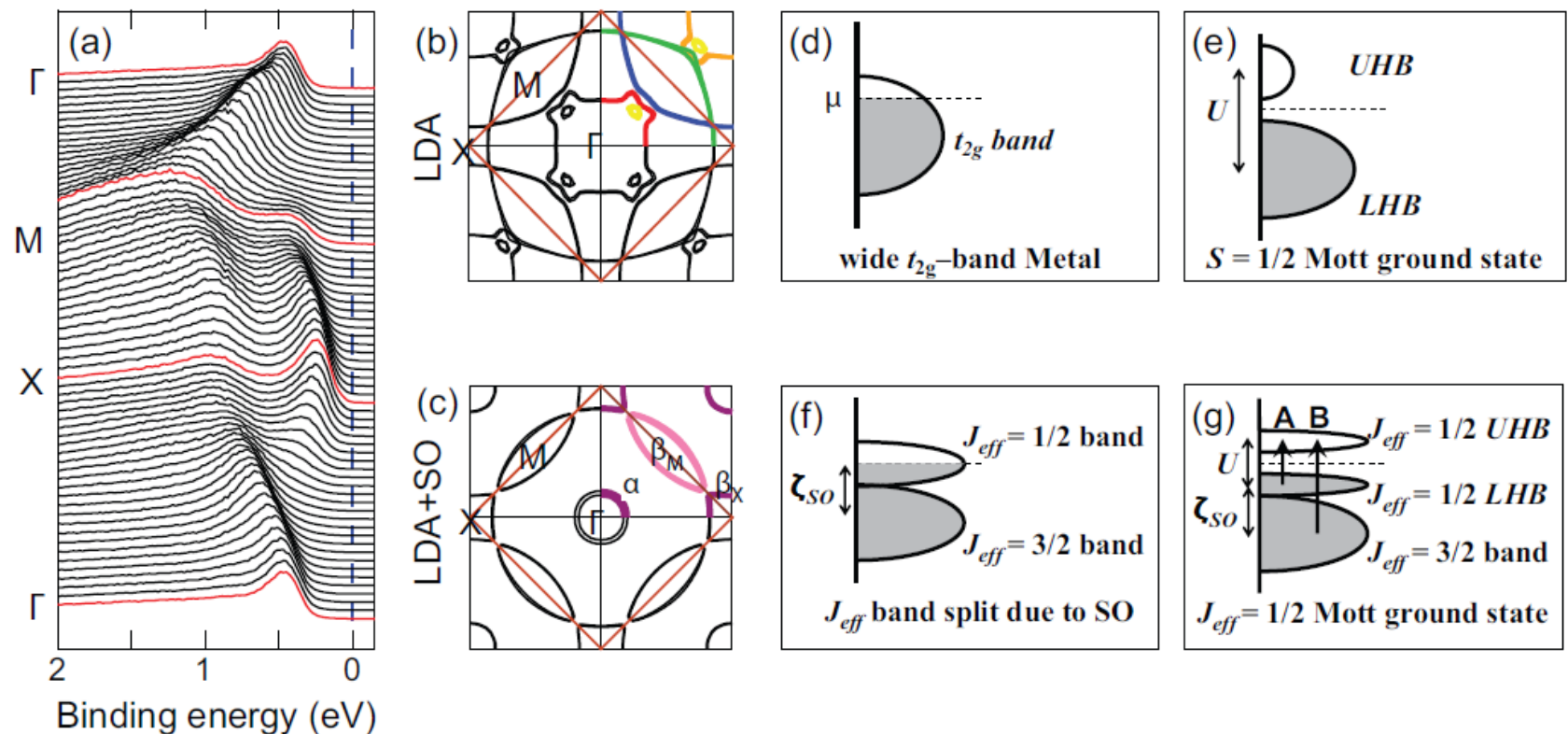
PRL **101**, 076402 (2008)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending  
15 AUGUST 2008

## Novel $J_{\text{eff}} = 1/2$ Mott State Induced by Relativistic Spin-Orbit Coupling in $\text{Sr}_2\text{IrO}_4$

B. J. Kim,<sup>1</sup> Hosub Jin,<sup>1</sup> S. J. Moon,<sup>2</sup> J.-Y. Kim,<sup>3</sup> B.-G. Park,<sup>4</sup> C. S. Leem,<sup>5</sup> Jaejun Yu,<sup>1</sup> T. W. Noh,<sup>2</sup> C. Kim,<sup>5</sup> S.-J. Oh,<sup>1</sup> J.-H. Park,<sup>3,4,\*</sup> V. Durairaj,<sup>6</sup> G. Cao,<sup>6</sup> and E. Rotenberg<sup>7</sup>



# Interplay of Coulomb U and SO in 5d iridates

PRL 101, 076402 (2008)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending  
15 AUGUST 2008

## Novel $J_{\text{eff}} = 1/2$ Mott State Induced by Relativistic Spin-Orbit Coupling in $\text{Sr}_2\text{IrO}_4$

B. J. Kim,<sup>1</sup> Hosub Jin,<sup>1</sup> S. J. Moon,<sup>2</sup> J.-Y. Kim,<sup>3</sup> B.-G. Park,<sup>4</sup> C. S. Leem,<sup>5</sup> Jaejun Yu,<sup>1</sup> T. W. Noh,<sup>2</sup> C. Kim,<sup>5</sup> S.-J. Oh,<sup>1</sup> J.-H. Park,<sup>3,4,\*</sup> V. Durairaj,<sup>6</sup> G. Cao,<sup>6</sup> and E. Rotenberg<sup>7</sup>

PRL 108, 086402 (2012)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending  
24 FEBRUARY 2012

## *Ab initio* Studies on the Interplay between Spin-Orbit Interaction and Coulomb Correlation in $\text{Sr}_2\text{IrO}_4$ and $\text{Ba}_2\text{IrO}_4$

R. Armitage,<sup>1,2,3</sup> J. Kuneš,<sup>4</sup> A. V. Kozhevnikov,<sup>5</sup> A. G. Eguiluz,<sup>6</sup> and M. Imada<sup>1,3</sup>

PHYSICAL REVIEW B 86, 035128 (2012)

## Observation of a metal-to-insulator transition with both Mott-Hubbard and Slater characteristics in $\text{Sr}_2\text{IrO}_4$ from time-resolved photocarrier dynamics

D. Hsieh,<sup>1</sup> F. Mahmood,<sup>1</sup> D. H. Torchinsky,<sup>1</sup> G. Cao,<sup>2,3</sup> and N. Gedik<sup>1</sup>

PRL 109, 027401 (2012)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending  
13 JULY 2012

## Pressure Tuning of the Spin-Orbit Coupled Ground State in $\text{Sr}_2\text{IrO}_4$

D. Haskel,<sup>1,\*</sup> G. Fabbris,<sup>1,2</sup> Mikhail Zhernenkov,<sup>1</sup> P. P. Kong,<sup>3</sup> C. Q. Jin,<sup>3</sup> G. Cao,<sup>4</sup> and M. van Veenendaal<sup>1,5</sup>

Slater Insulator?

Both Mott-Slater?

No  $J_{\text{eff}} = 1/2$  GS?

# Interplay of Coulomb $U$ and $SO$ in 5d iridates

Could be  $\text{Na}_2\text{IrO}_3$  a clear cut case?

PRL **109**, 266406 (2012)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending  
28 DECEMBER 2012

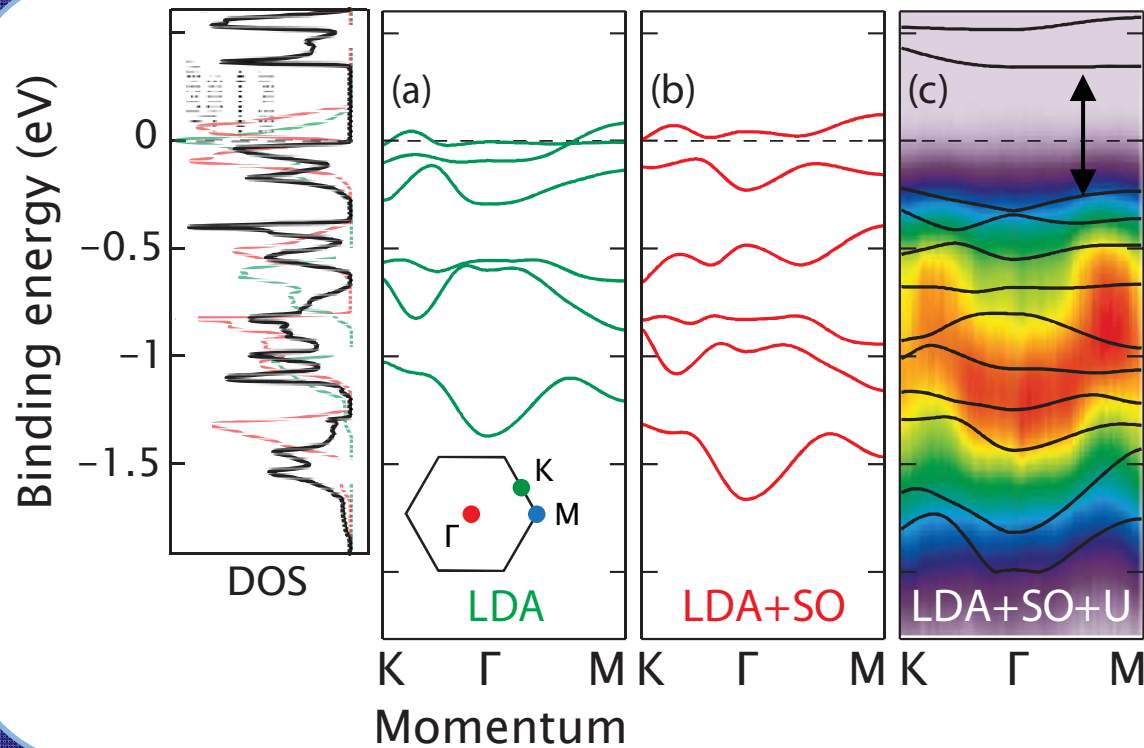
## $\text{Na}_2\text{IrO}_3$ as a Novel Relativistic Mott Insulator with a 340-meV Gap

R. Comin,<sup>1</sup> G. Levy,<sup>1,2</sup> B. Ludbrook,<sup>1</sup> Z.-H. Zhu,<sup>1</sup> C. N. Veenstra,<sup>1</sup> J. A. Rosen,<sup>1</sup> Yogesh Singh,<sup>3</sup> P. Gegenwart,<sup>4</sup>  
D. Stricker,<sup>5</sup> J. N. Hancock,<sup>5</sup> D. van der Marel,<sup>5</sup> I. S. Elfimov,<sup>1,2</sup> and A. Damascelli<sup>1,2,\*</sup>

$T_N = 15\text{K} \rightarrow$  distinguish Mott from Slater



# Including Correlations: LDA+SO+U



We must include on-site correlations via  $U$  to get the right gap and local  $\frac{1}{2}$  moments

Would this work without SO?

Not really..

$\text{Na}_2\text{IrO}_3$  is a  
Relativistic Mott Insulator:  
Coulomb  $U$  and SO coupling  
cannot be decoupled

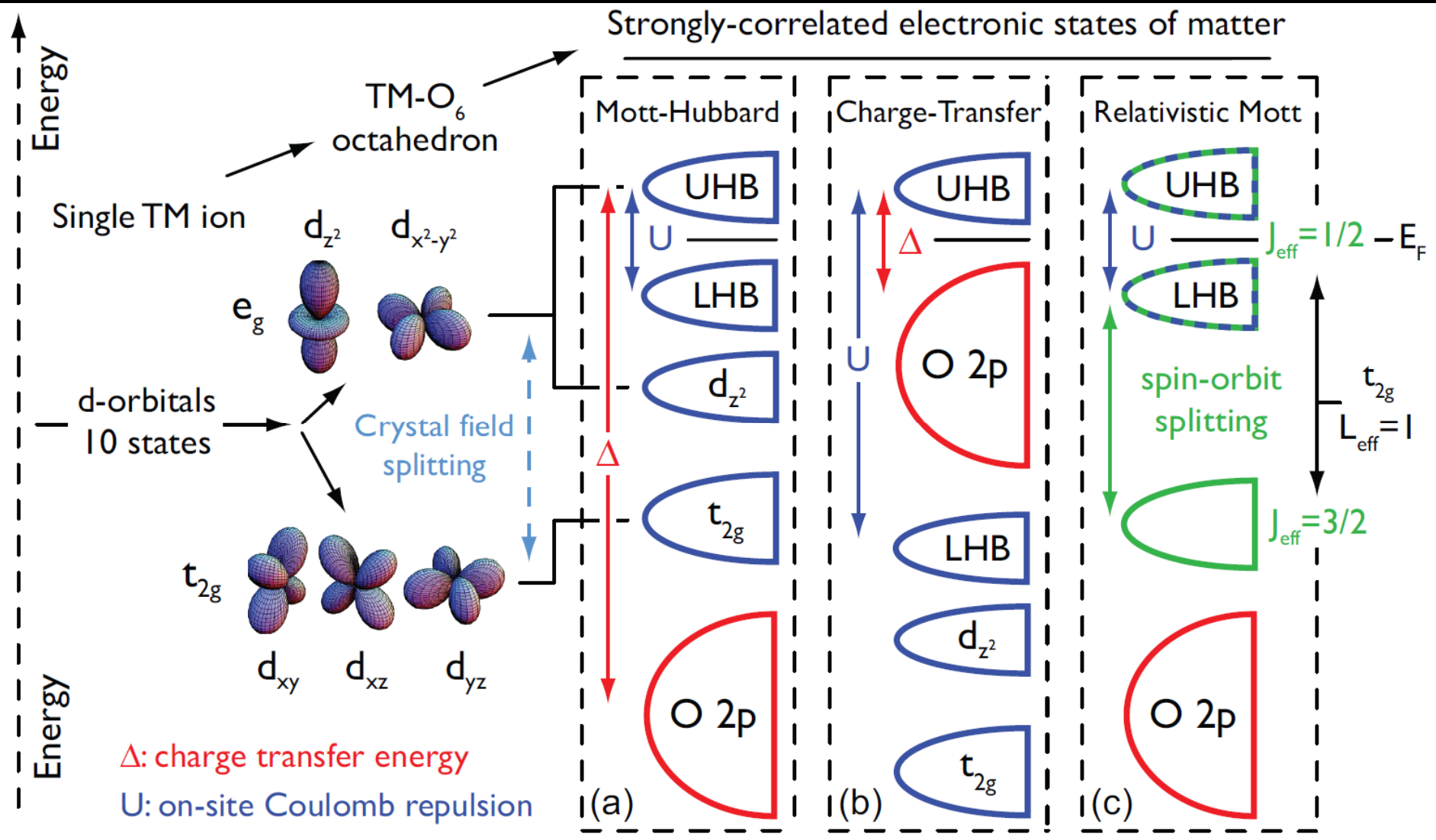


Mott criterion  $U > W$

Early  
3d TMO

Late  
3d TMO

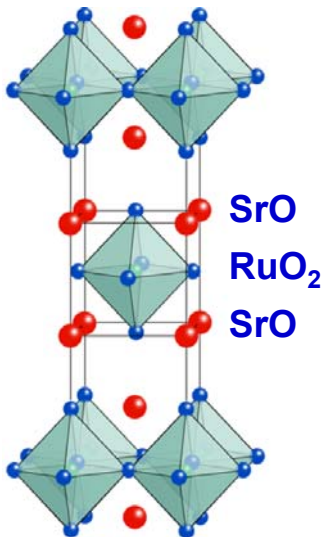
5d TMO



What about 4d oxides? Let's consider  $Sr_2RuO_4$

# Sr<sub>2</sub>RuO<sub>4</sub>: p-wave Superconductivity

## 2D perovskite

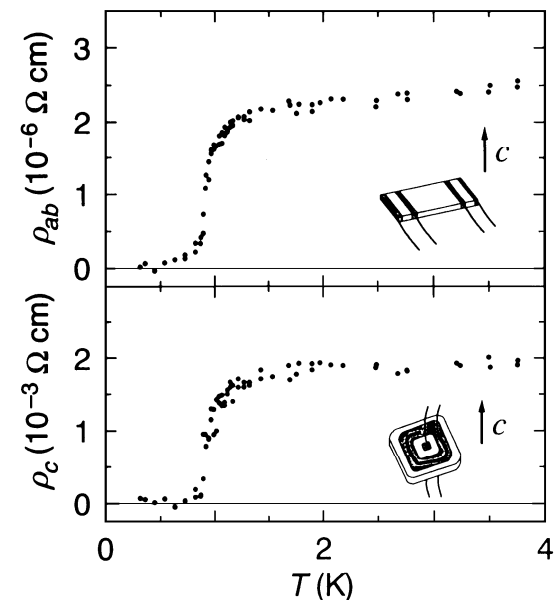


## Unconventional superconductivity

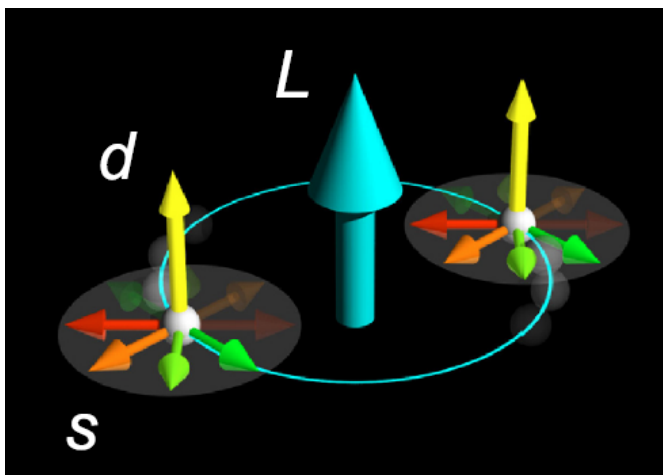
- Pairing mechanism ?
- Order parameter ?
- FM-AF fluctuations ?

Rice & Sigrist, JPCM 7, L643 (1995)

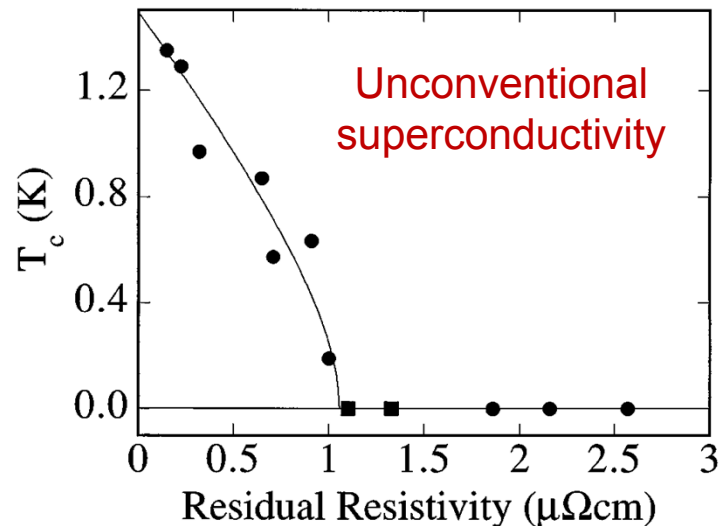
Maeno *et al.*, Nature **372**, 532 (1994)



Mackenzie & Maeno, RMP **75**, 657 (2003)

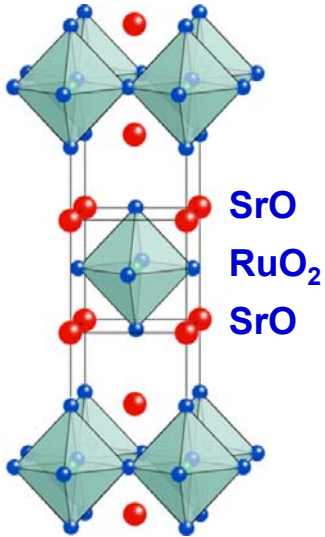


Mackenzie *et al.*, PRL **80**, 161 (1998)



# Sr<sub>2</sub>RuO<sub>4</sub>: p-wave Superconductivity

## 2D perovskite

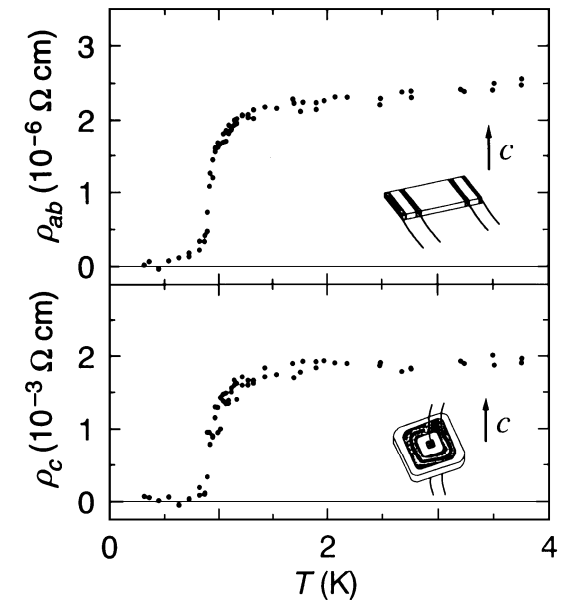


## Unconventional superconductivity

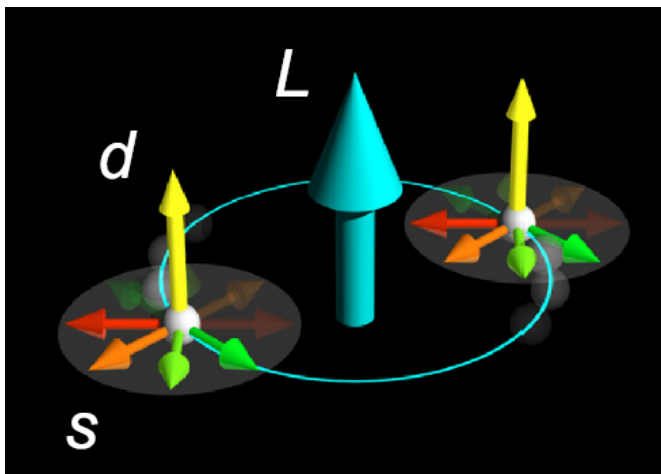
- Pairing mechanism ?
- Order parameter ?
- FM-AF fluctuations ?

Rice & Sigrist, JPCM 7, L643 (1995)

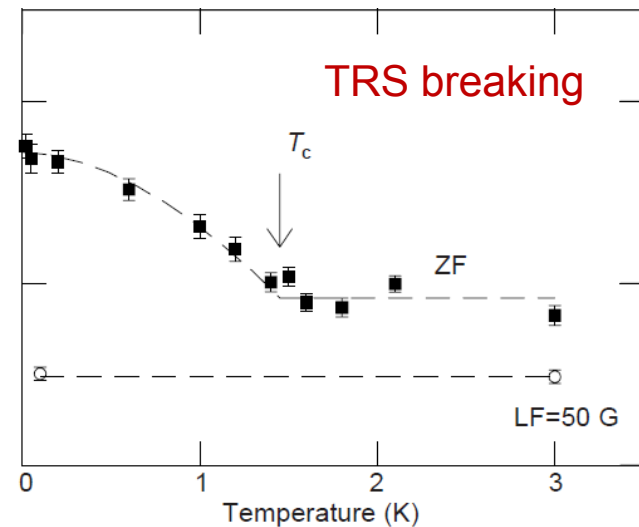
Maeno *et al.*, Nature **372**, 532 (1994)



Mackenzie & Maeno, RMP **75**, 657 (2003)



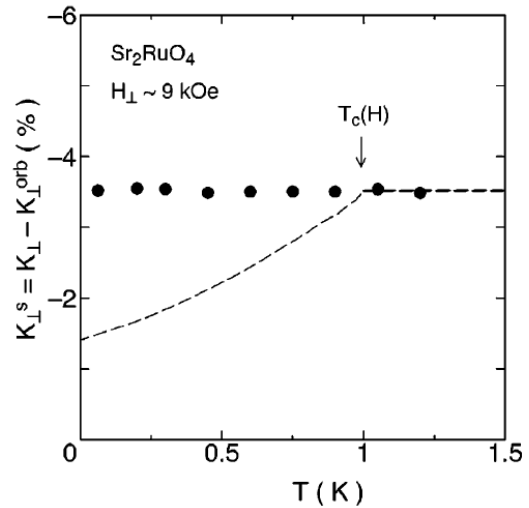
Luke *et al.*, Nature **394**, 558 (1998)



# Sr<sub>2</sub>RuO<sub>4</sub>: Evidence for Spin-triplet Pairing

## Knight shift

Microscopic spin susceptibility



Ishida et al., Nature (1998)

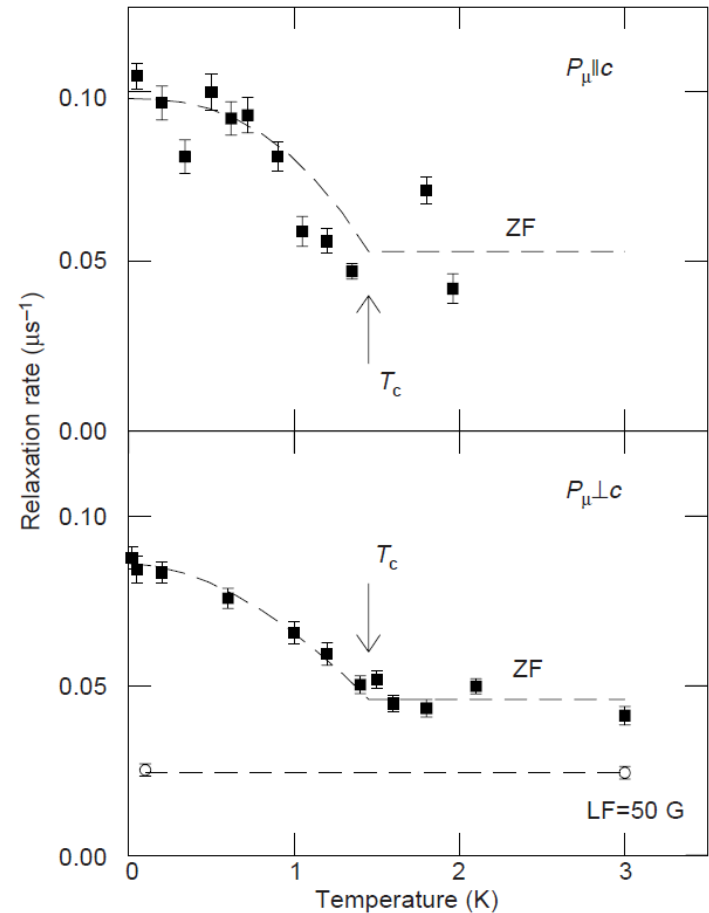
## Phase sensitive measurements

verified the odd-parity orbital pairing symmetry due to the formation of spin-triplet Cooper pairs

Nelson et al., Science (2004)

## $\mu$ SR Relaxation rate

Time-reversal symmetry breaking

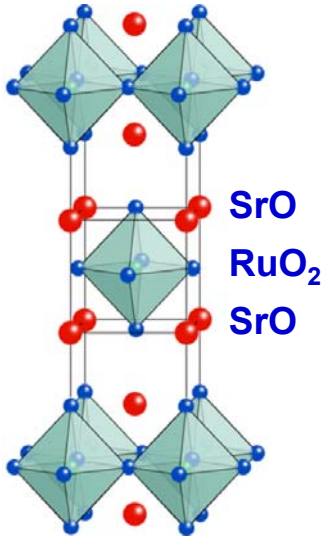


Luke et al., Nature (1998)



# Sr<sub>2</sub>RuO<sub>4</sub>: p-wave Superconductivity

## 2D perovskite

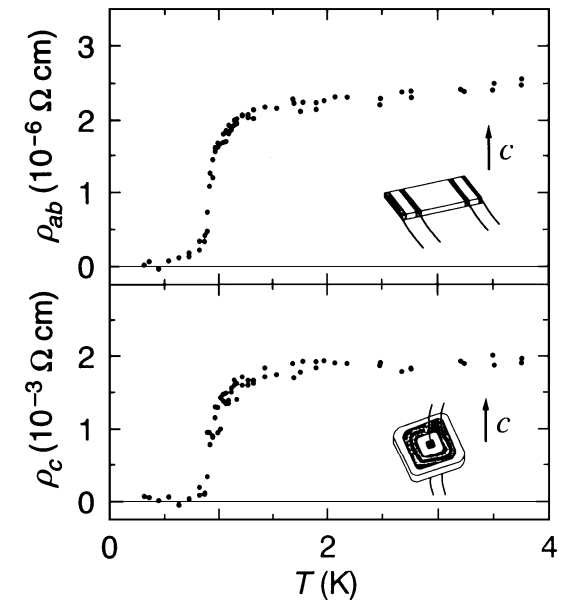


## Unconventional superconductivity

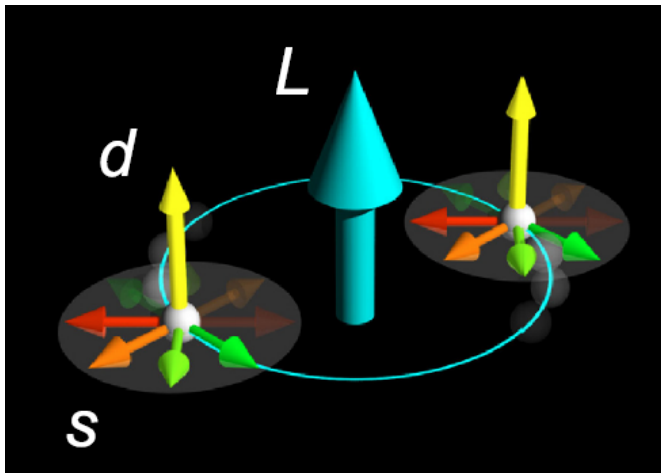
- Pairing mechanism ?
- Order parameter ?
- FM-AF fluctuations ?

Rice & Sigrist, JPCM 7, L643 (1995)

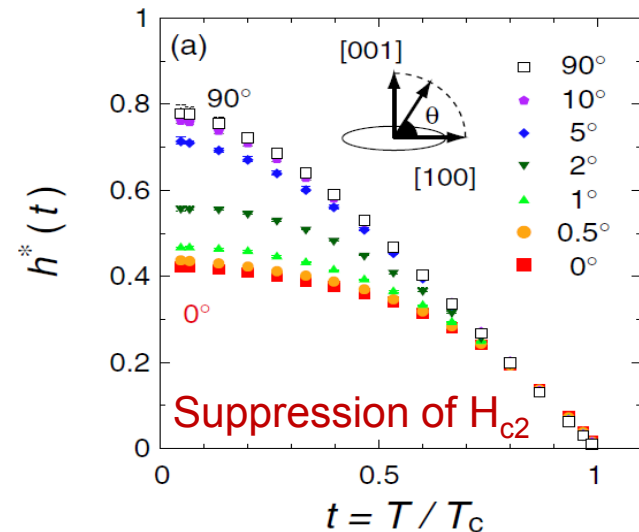
Maeno *et al.*, Nature **372**, 532 (1994)



Mackenzie & Maeno, RMP **75**, 657 (2003)

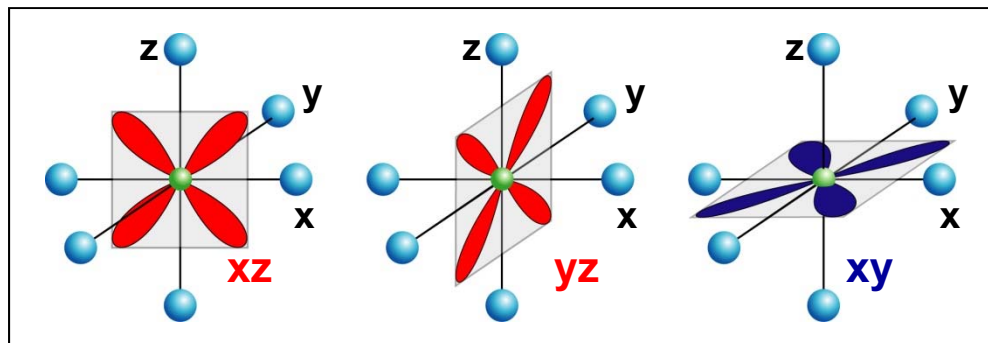
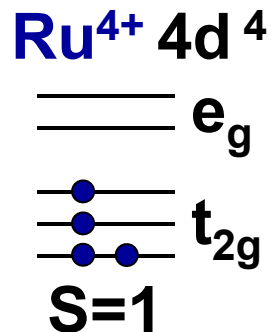
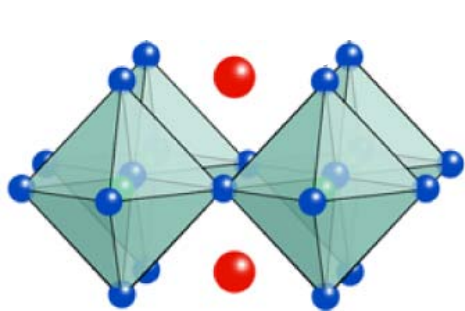


Maeno *et al.*, JPSJ (2012)

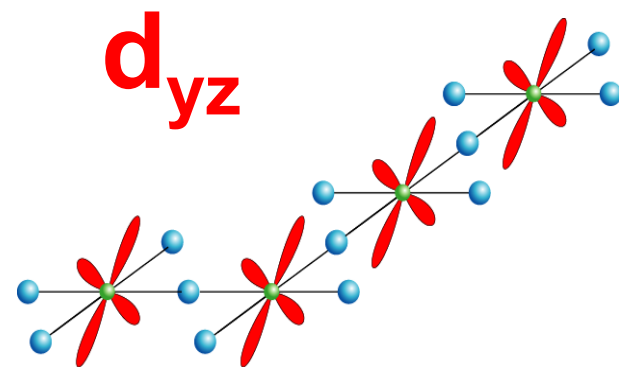
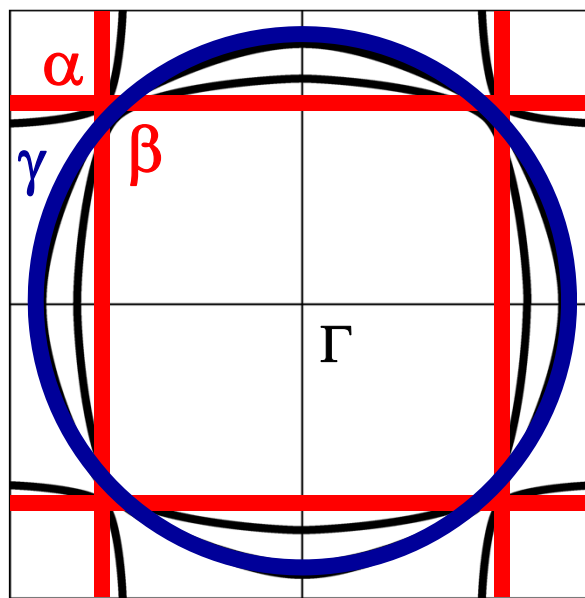
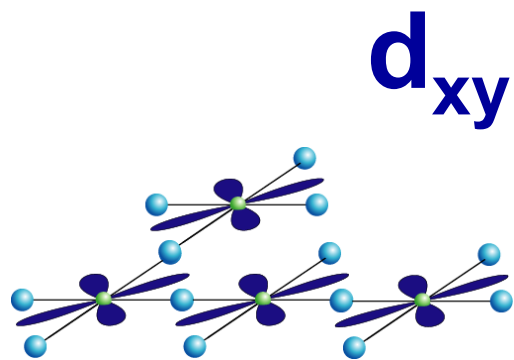




# 1D ( $d_{xz,yz}$ ) versus 2D ( $d_{xy}$ ) Superconductivity ?

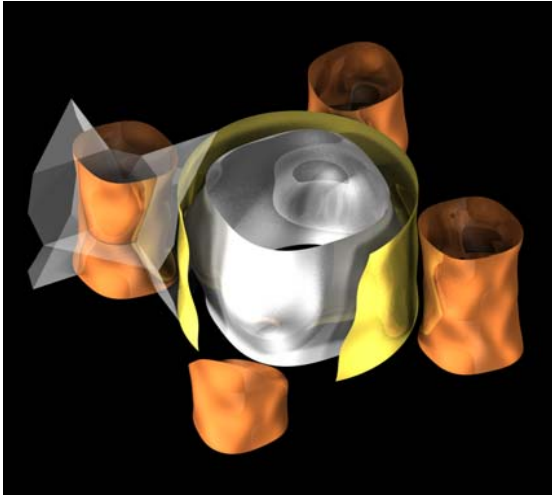


► Band structure calculation: **3 t<sub>2g</sub>** bands crossing **E<sub>F</sub>**



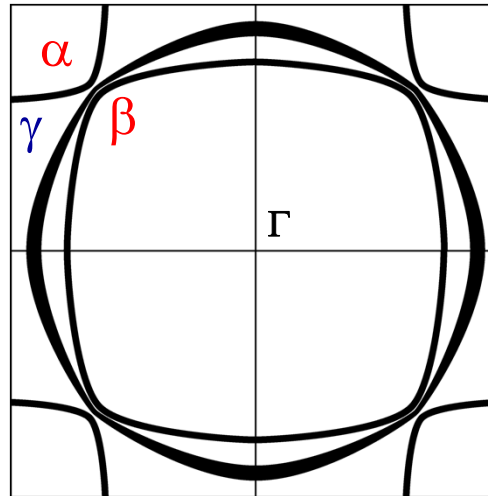
# The Fermi Surface of $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$

## de Haas-van Alphen



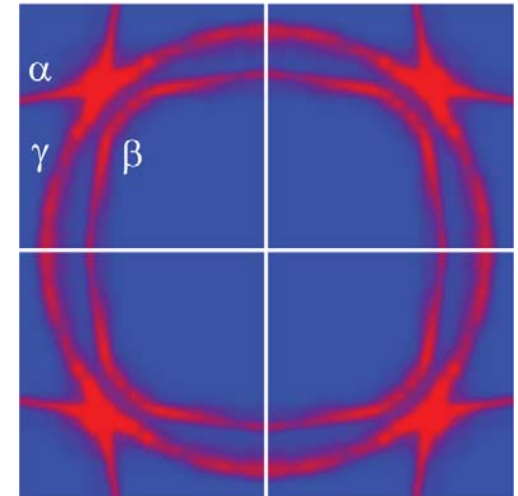
Bergemann *et al.*, PRL **84**, 2662 (2000)

## LDA



Mazin *et al.*, PRL **79**, 733 (1997)

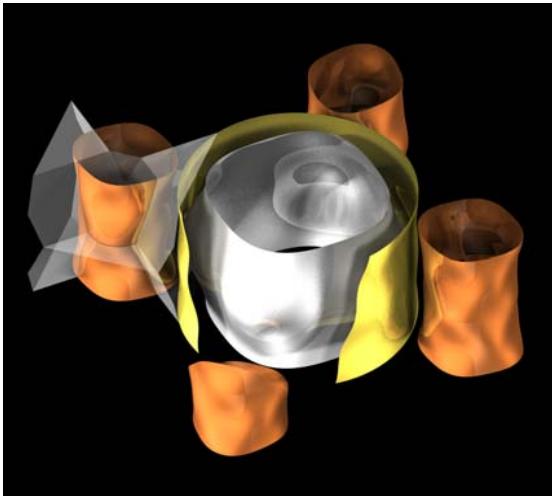
## ARPES



Damascelli *et al.*, PRL **85**, 5194 (2000)

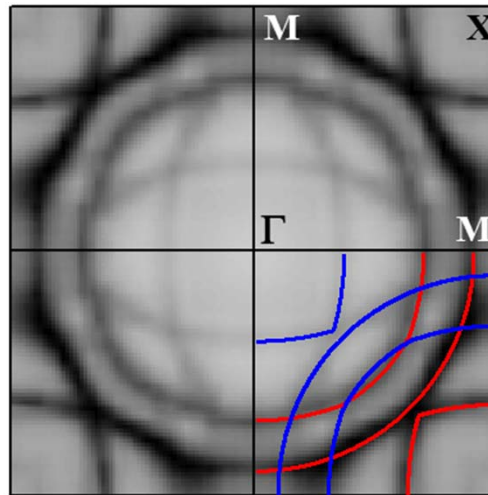
# The Fermi Surface of $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$

## de Haas-van Alphen



Bergemann *et al.*, PRL **84**, 2662 (2000)

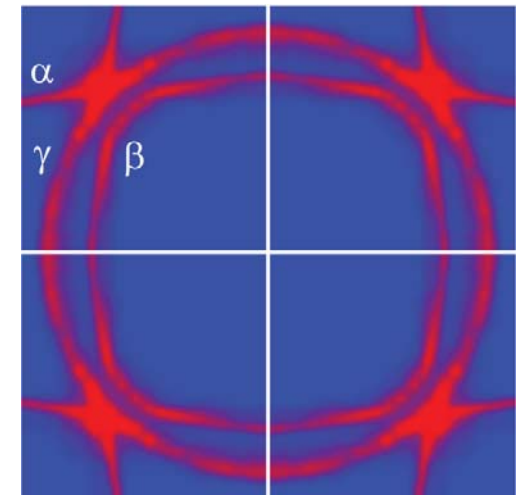
## Surface



Damascelli *et al.*, PRL **85**, 5194 (2000)

**Cleaved at 10K**

## Bulk

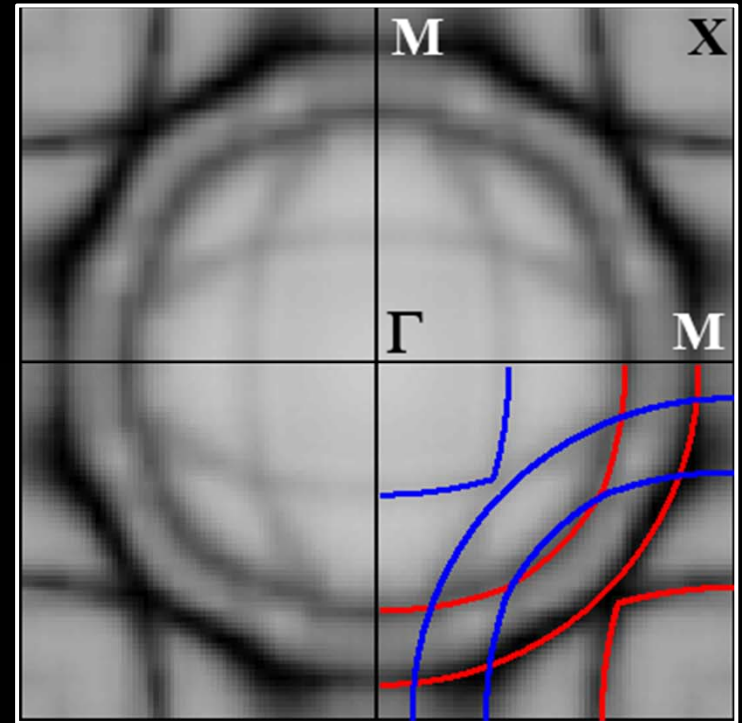
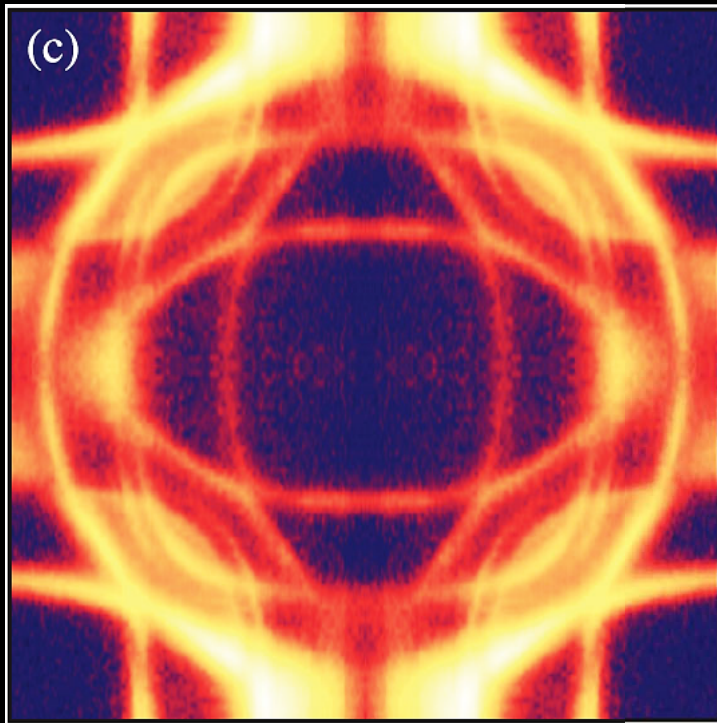


Damascelli *et al.*, PRL **85**, 5194 (2000)

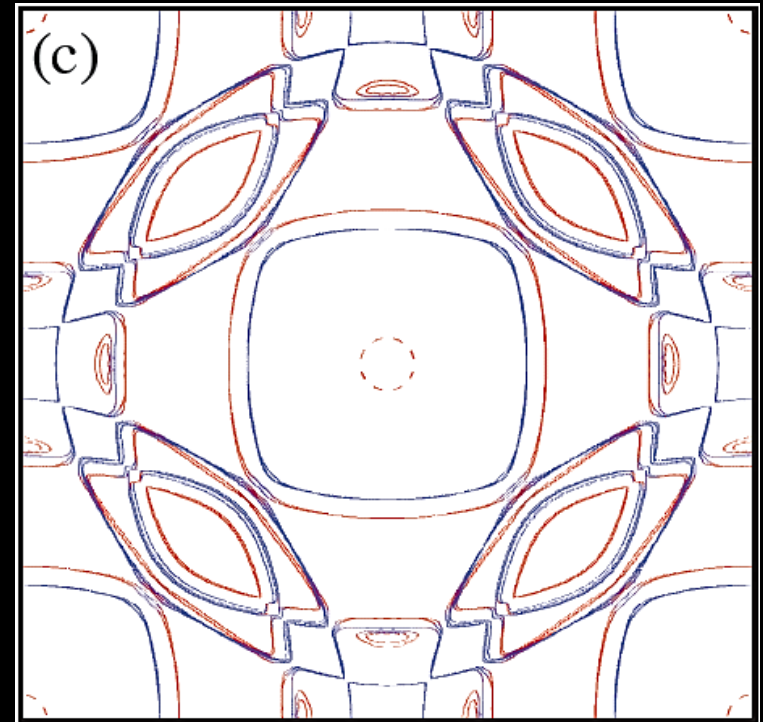
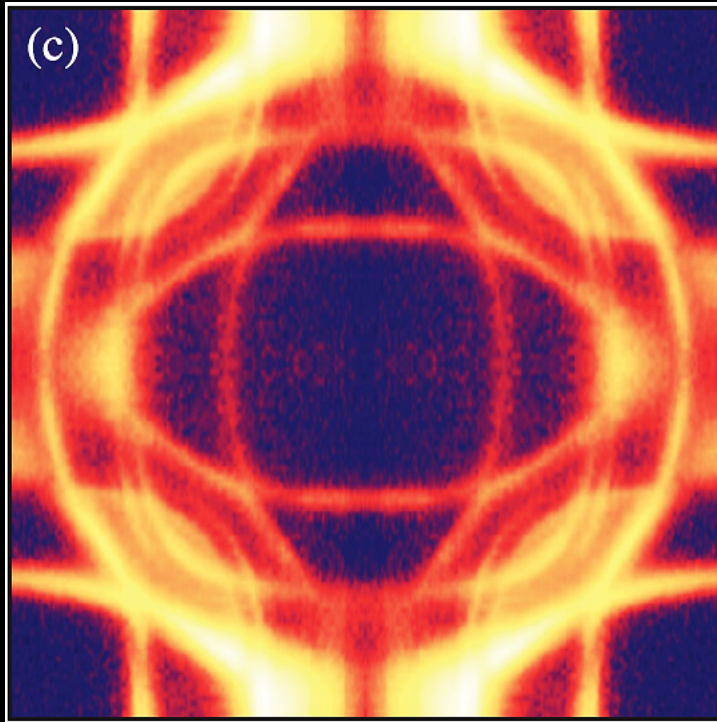
**Cleaved at 200K**

Structural surface reconstruction: rotation of  $\text{RuO}_6$  octahedra

# Determining the surface-to-bulk progression of the normal-state electronic structure of $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$

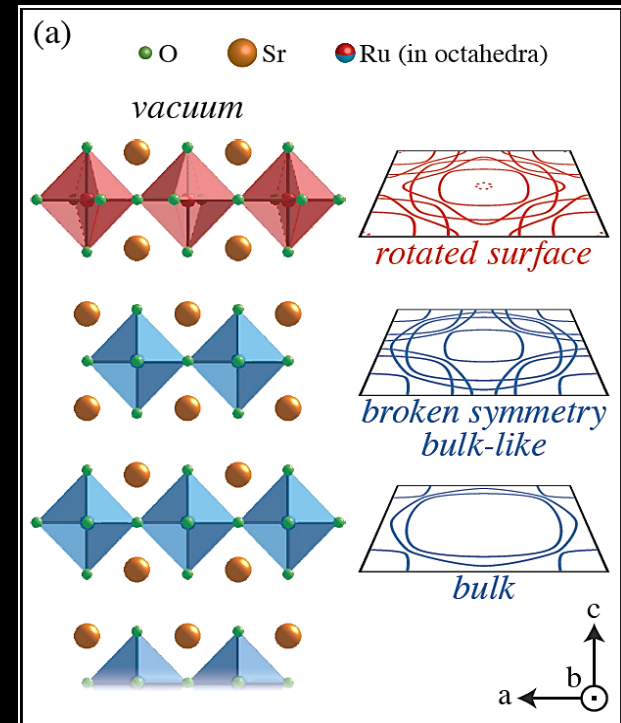
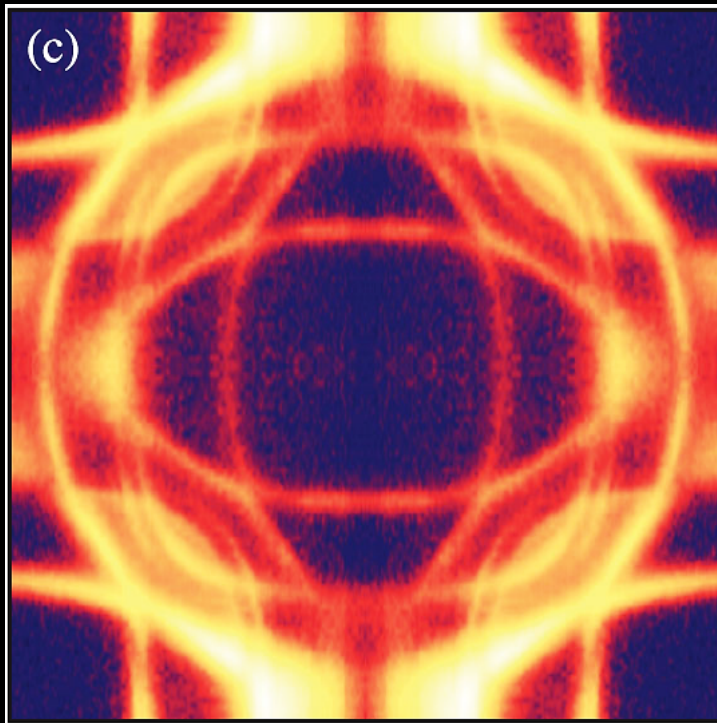


# Determining the surface-to-bulk progression of the normal-state electronic structure of $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$





# Determining the surface-to-bulk progression of the normal-state electronic structure of $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$

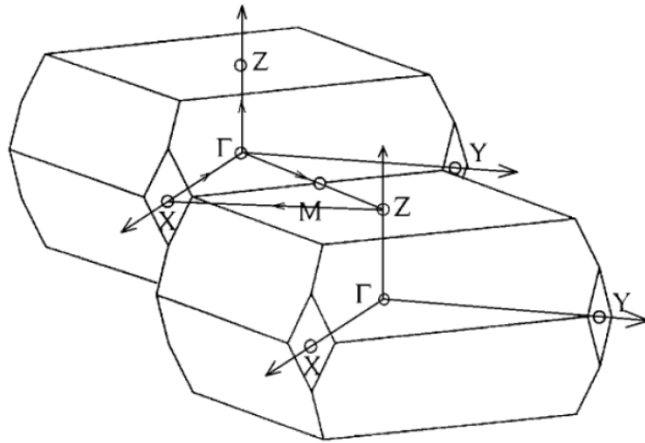




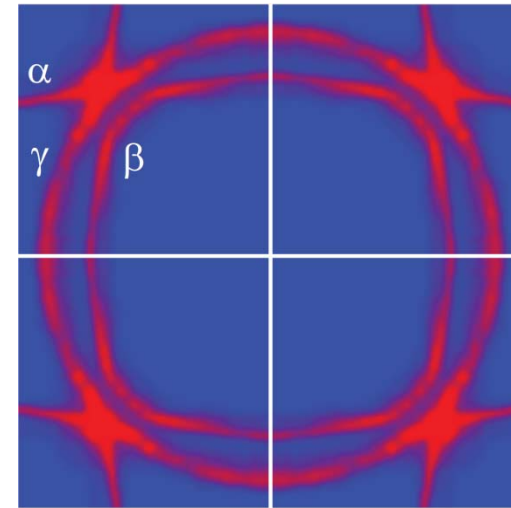
# Determining the surface-to-bulk progression of the normal-state electronic structure of $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$

| Band       | $n_e^{\text{ARPES}}$ | $v_F^{\text{ARPES}}$ (eV Å) |                | $v_F^{\text{LDA+SO}} / v_F^{\text{ARPES}}$ | $n_e^{\text{dHvA}}$ |
|------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--|---------------------|
| $\alpha_s$ | 1.721                | 0.56                        | <b>surface</b> | 4.1  | ...                 |
| $\beta_s$  | 0.757                | 0.59                        |                | 3.6  | ...                 |
| $\gamma_s$ | 1.396                | 0.42                        |                | 5.2  | ...                 |
| Total      | 3.874                |                             |                |  | ...                 |
| $\alpha_b$ | 1.760                | 1.30                        | <b>bulk</b>    | 1.6  | 1.781               |
| $\beta_b$  | 0.903                | 0.80                        |                | 3.3  | 0.921               |
| $\gamma_b$ | 1.280                | 0.76                        |                | 2.9  | 1.346               |
| Total      | 3.943                |                             |                |  | 4.048               |

# Importance of Spin-Orbit Coupling in 4d Oxides



Sr<sub>2</sub>RuO<sub>4</sub>



Damascelli *et al*, PRL **85**, 5194 (2000)

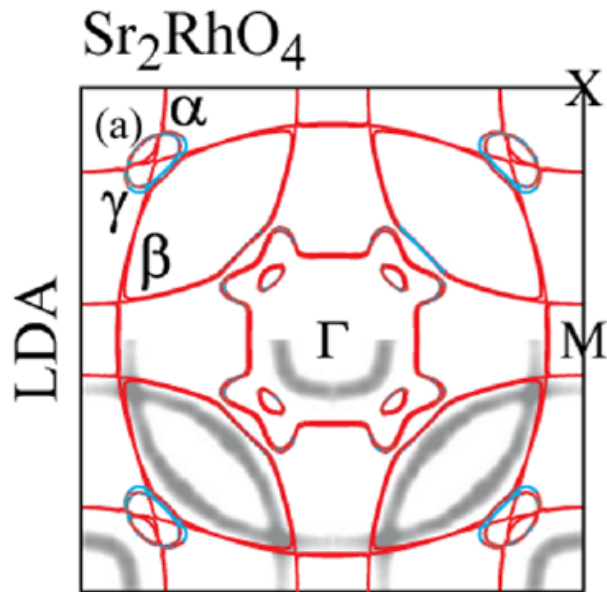
Why LDA for Rh214 does not work as well?  
Something is missing in LDA!

Correlations?

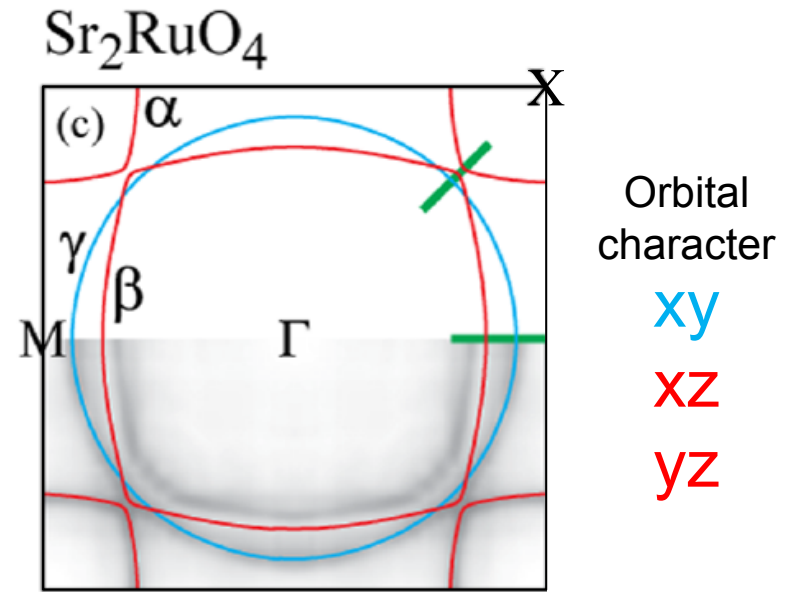
Structure?

Surface?

# Importance of Spin-Orbit Coupling in 4d Oxides



Kim *et al*, PRL **97**, 106401 (2006)  
Baumberger *et al*, PRL **96**, 246402 (2006)



Damascelli *et al*, PRL **85**, 5194 (2000)

Orbital character  
xy  
xz  
yz

Why LDA for Rh214 does not work as well?  
 Something is missing in LDA!

$$H = \zeta \sum_i \mathbf{l}_i \cdot \mathbf{s}_i$$

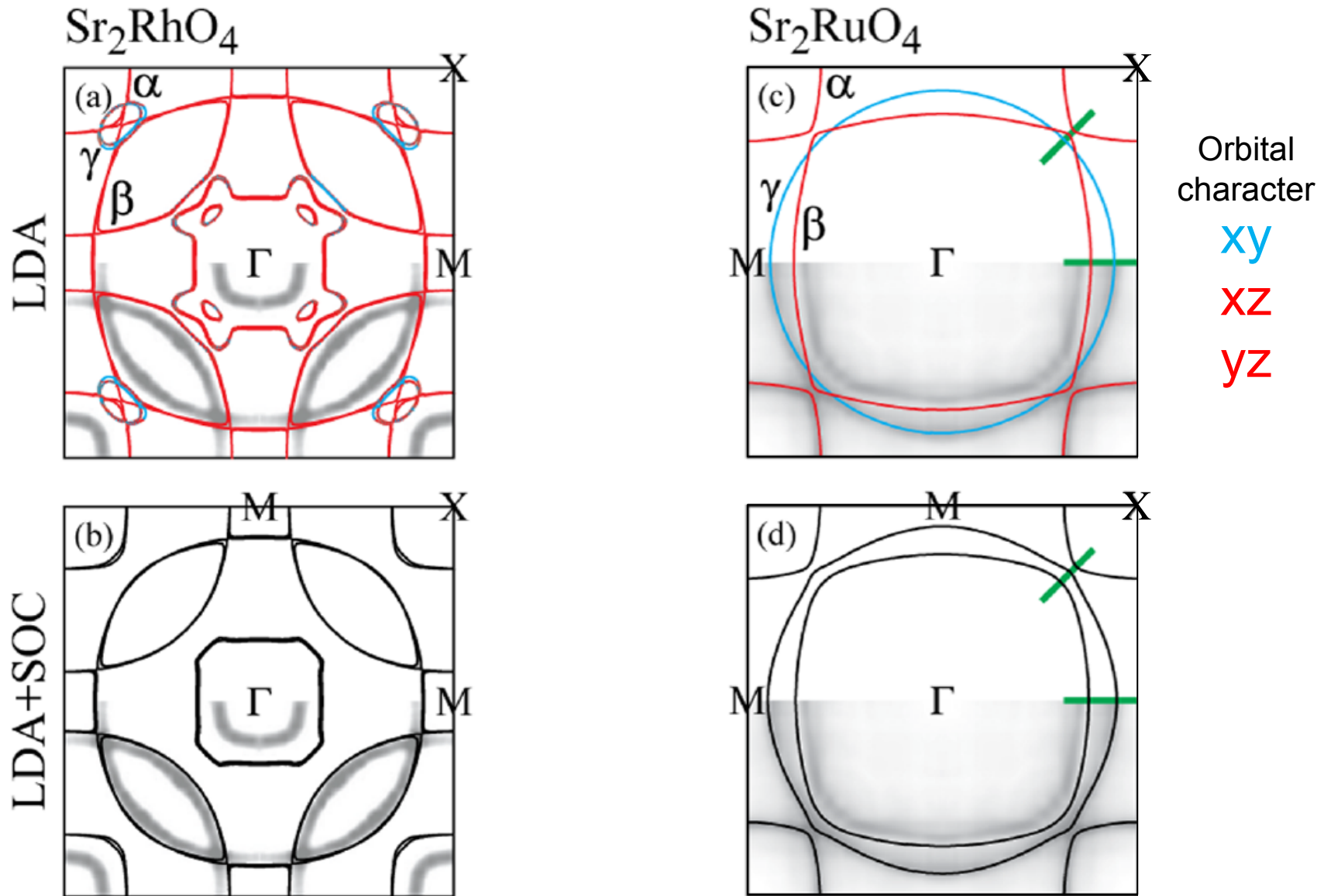
Spin-Orbit  
 Coupling

Atomic relativistic SOC

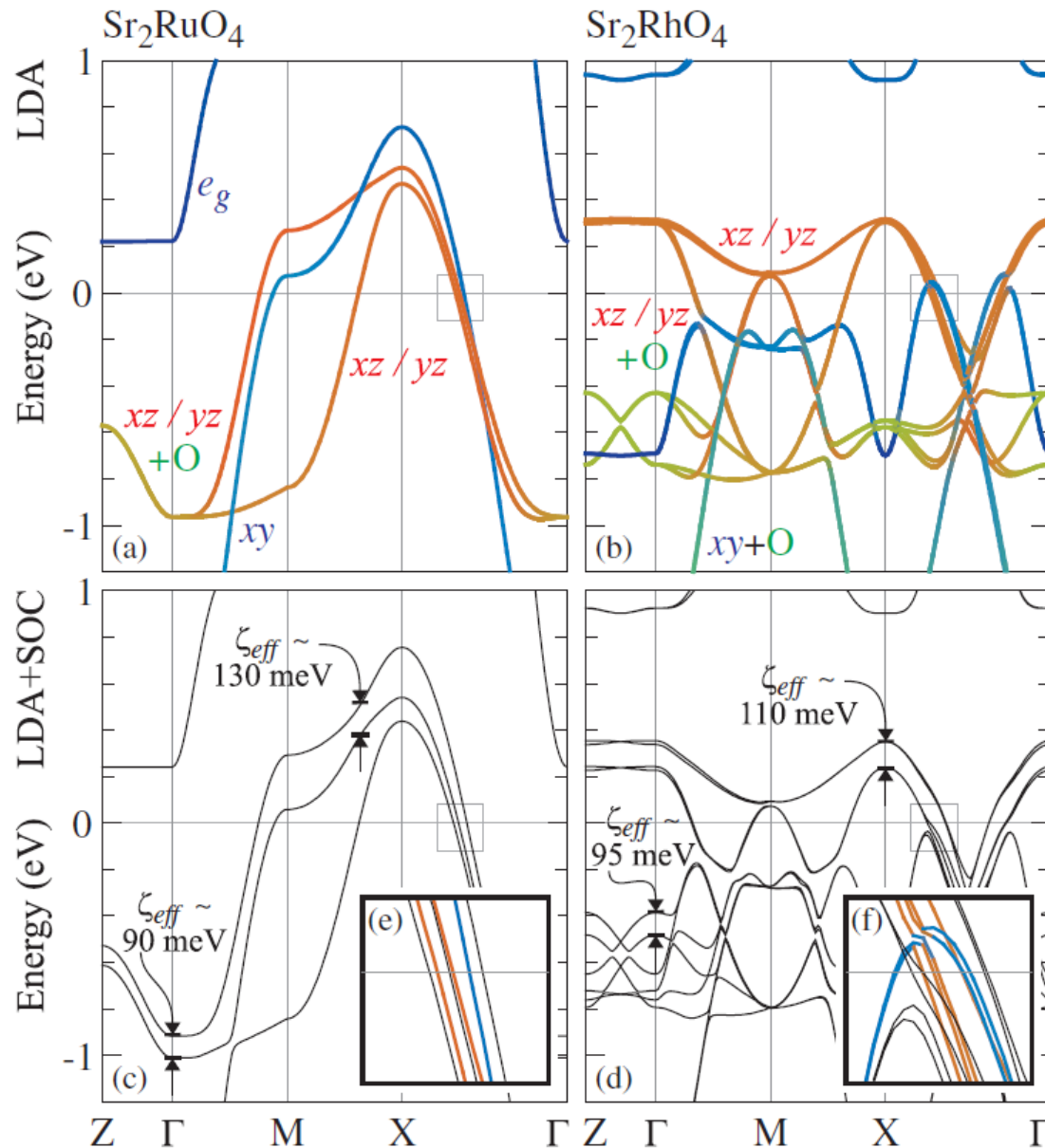
$\text{Ru}^{4+}$   $\zeta=161$  meV

$\text{Rh}^{4+}$   $\zeta=191$  meV

# Importance of Spin-Orbit Coupling in 4d Oxides

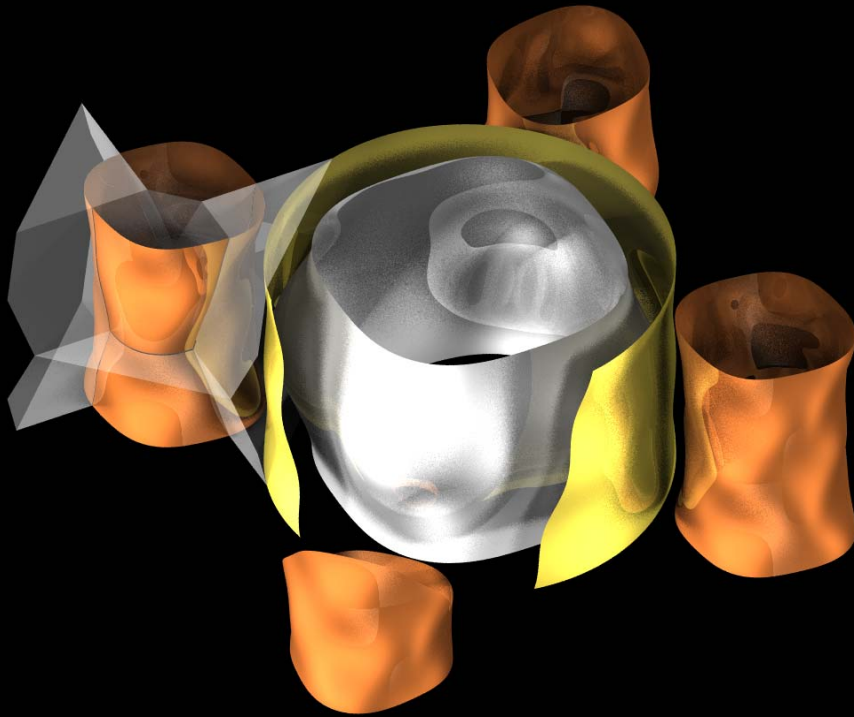


# When is Spin-Orbit important? Degeneracy at $E_F$ !



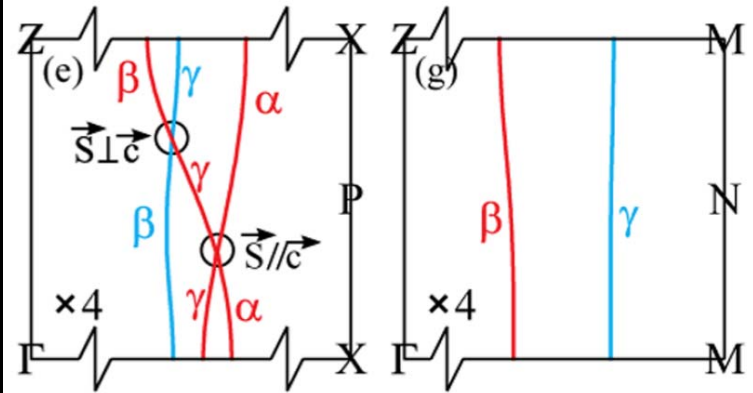
# SO coupling suppresses the band dispersion along c axis

Weak  $k_z$  dispersion in dHvA

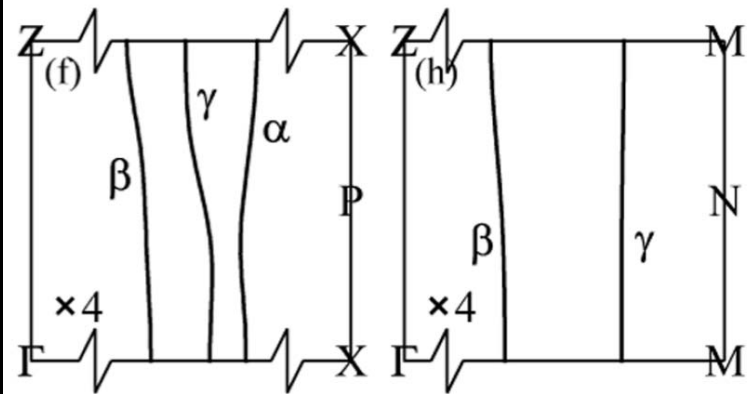


Bergemann *et al.*, PRL **84**, 2662 (2000)

$\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$  Z-dispersion



No SO coupling

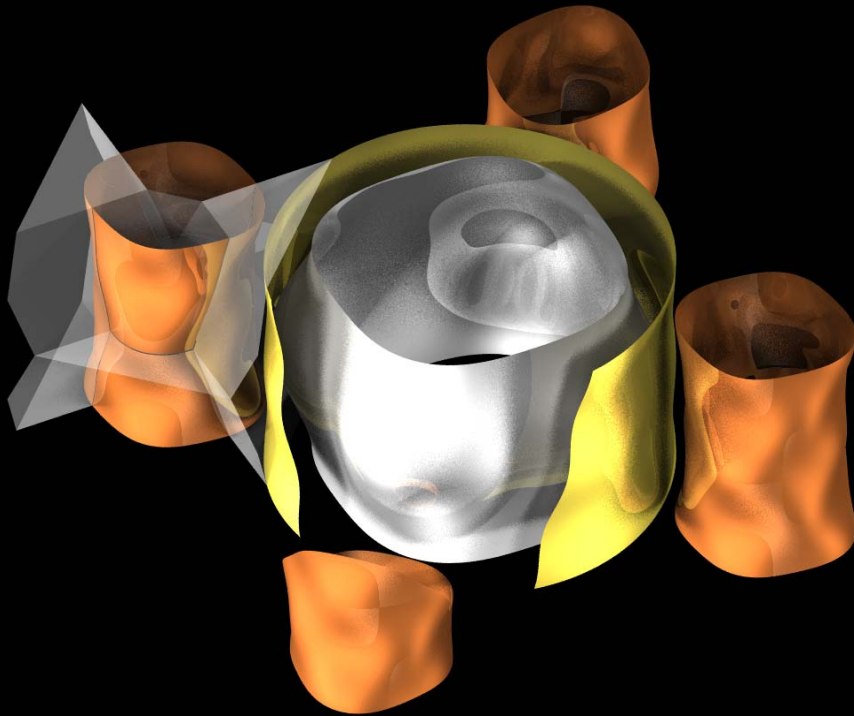


With SO coupling

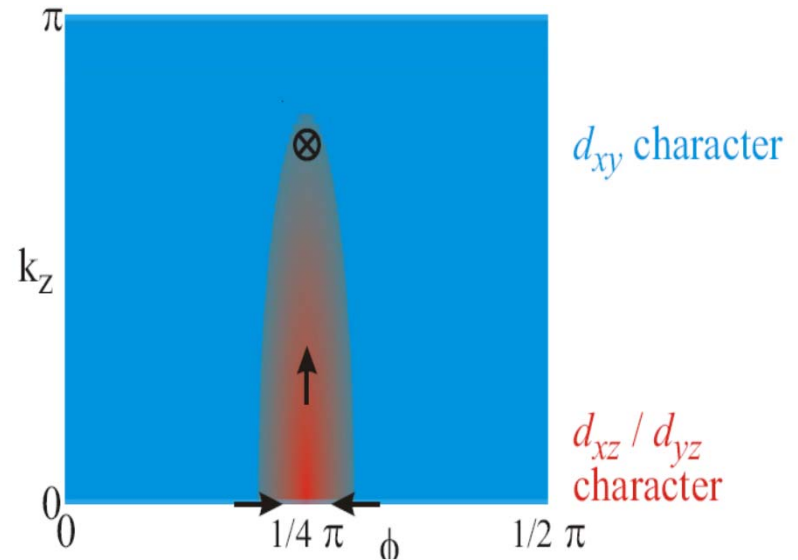


# SO coupling suppresses the band dispersion along c axis

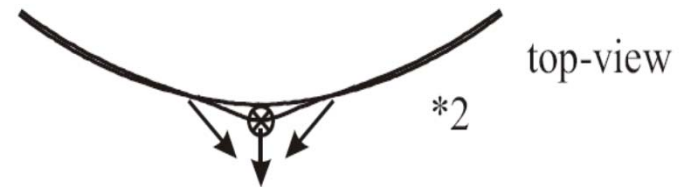
Weak  $k_z$  dispersion in dHvA



Bergemann *et al.*, PRL **84**, 2662 (2000)



K-dependent Spin Anisotropy



Spin-Triplet Superconductivity?

# SO coupling leads to strong $k_z$ dispersion of quantization axis

M.W. Haverkort, I.S. Elfimov, L.H. Tjeng, G.A. Sawatzky, A. Damascelli, PRL **101**, 026406 (2008)

# Magnetic Anisotropy and Spin Fluctuations in $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$

RAPID COMMUNICATIONS

PHYSICAL REVIEW B, VOLUME 63, 180504(R)

**Magnetic ordering in  $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$  induced by nonmagnetic impurities** (2001)

M. Minakata and Y. Maeno

RAPID COMMUNICATIONS

PHYSICAL REVIEW B, VOLUME 64, 100501(R)

**Normal-state spin dynamics in the spin-triplet superconductor  $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$**  (2001)

K. Ishida,<sup>1</sup> H. Mukuda,<sup>1,2,\*</sup> Y. Minami,<sup>1</sup> Y. Kitaoka,<sup>1,2</sup> Z. Q. Mao,<sup>2,3,†</sup> H. Fukazawa,<sup>3</sup> and Y. Maeno<sup>2,3</sup>

VOLUME 92, NUMBER 9

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending  
5 MARCH 2004

**Anisotropy of the Incommensurate Fluctuations in  $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$ : A Study with Polarized Neutrons**

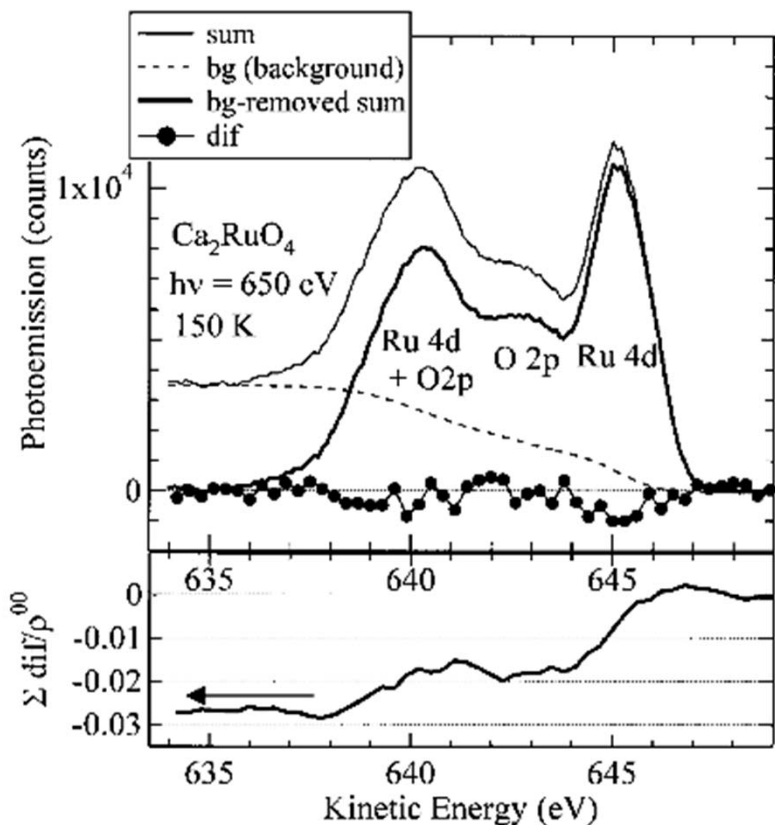
M. Braden,<sup>1,\*</sup> P. Steffens,<sup>1</sup> Y. Sidis,<sup>2</sup> J. Kulda,<sup>3</sup> P. Bourges,<sup>2</sup> S. Hayden,<sup>4</sup> N. Kikugawa,<sup>5</sup> and Y. Maeno<sup>6</sup>

k-dependent enhanced out-of-plane dynamic susceptibility

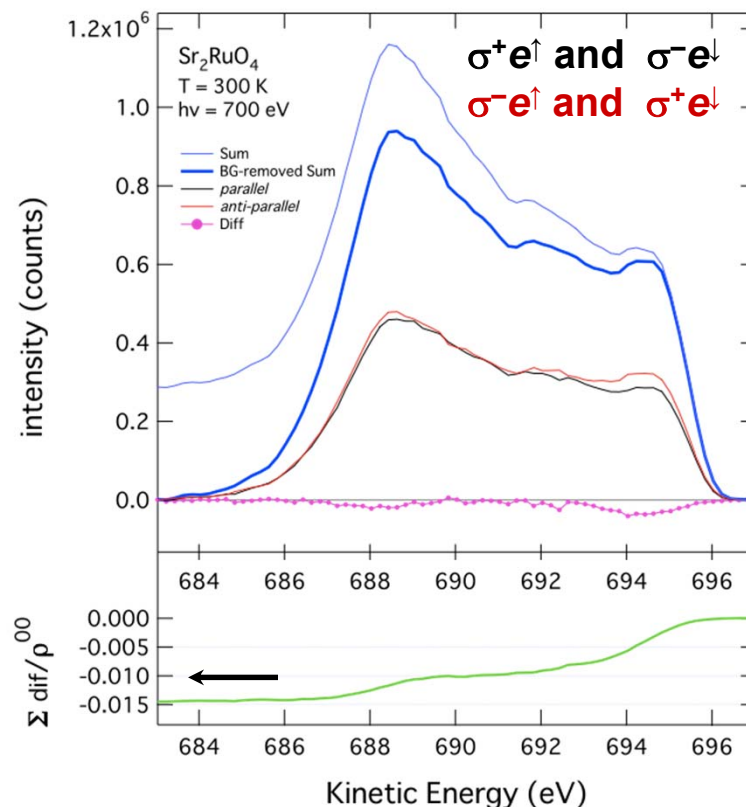
# Spin-resolved Circularly-polarized Photoemission



T. Mizokawa, L.H.Tjeng *et al.* PRL **87**, 077202 (2001)



H. Fujiwara, L.H.Tjeng *et al.* (unpublished)



The expectation value of the Spin-Orbit coupling can be experimentally determined by sum rule :  $\Sigma \text{diff} / \rho^{00} \propto \langle \Sigma_i l_{z,i} S_{z,i} \rangle$ . [G. Van der Laan and B. T. Thole PRB **48**, 210 (1993)]

Spin-orbit coupling is important for both Ca<sub>2</sub>RuO<sub>4</sub> and Sr<sub>2</sub>RuO<sub>4</sub>

# Direct measurement of SO: Spin-resolved ARPES

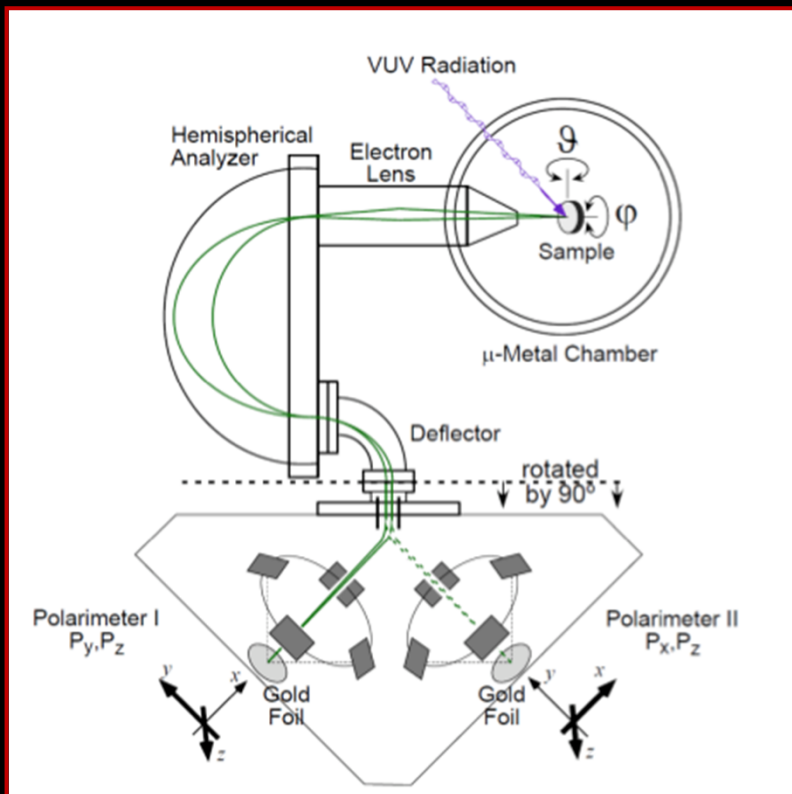
PRL 112, 127002 (2014)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending  
28 MARCH 2014

## Spin-Orbital Entanglement and the Breakdown of Singlets and Triplets in $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$ Revealed by Spin- and Angle-Resolved Photoemission Spectroscopy

C. N. Veenstra,<sup>1</sup> Z.-H. Zhu,<sup>1</sup> M. Raichle,<sup>1</sup> B. M. Ludbrook,<sup>1</sup> A. Nicolaou,<sup>1,2,7</sup> B. Slomski,<sup>3,4</sup> G. Landolt,<sup>3,4</sup> S. Kittaka,<sup>5,6</sup> Y. Maeno,<sup>5</sup> J. H. Dil,<sup>3,4</sup> I. S. Elfimov,<sup>1,2</sup> M. W. Haverkort,<sup>1,2,7</sup> and A. Damascelli<sup>1,2,\*</sup>



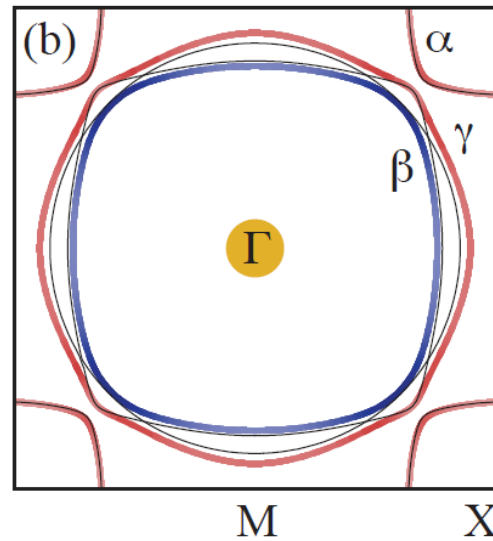
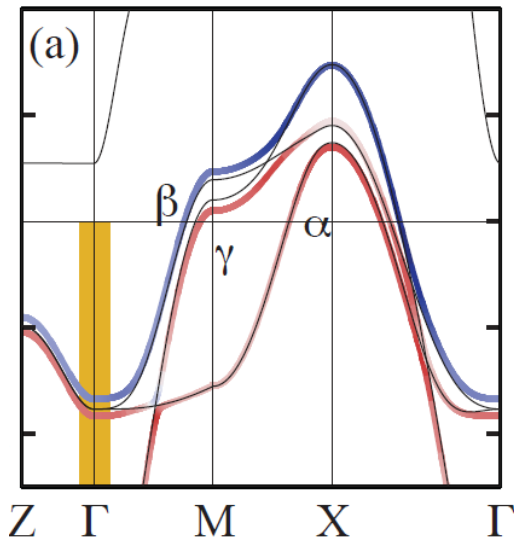
Conventional  
ARPES

No SO-split  
states in  
spin-integrated  
ARPES

# Direct measurement of SO: Spin-resolved ARPES

Band structure +  
spin-orbit coupling

Fermi surface +  
spin-orbit coupling

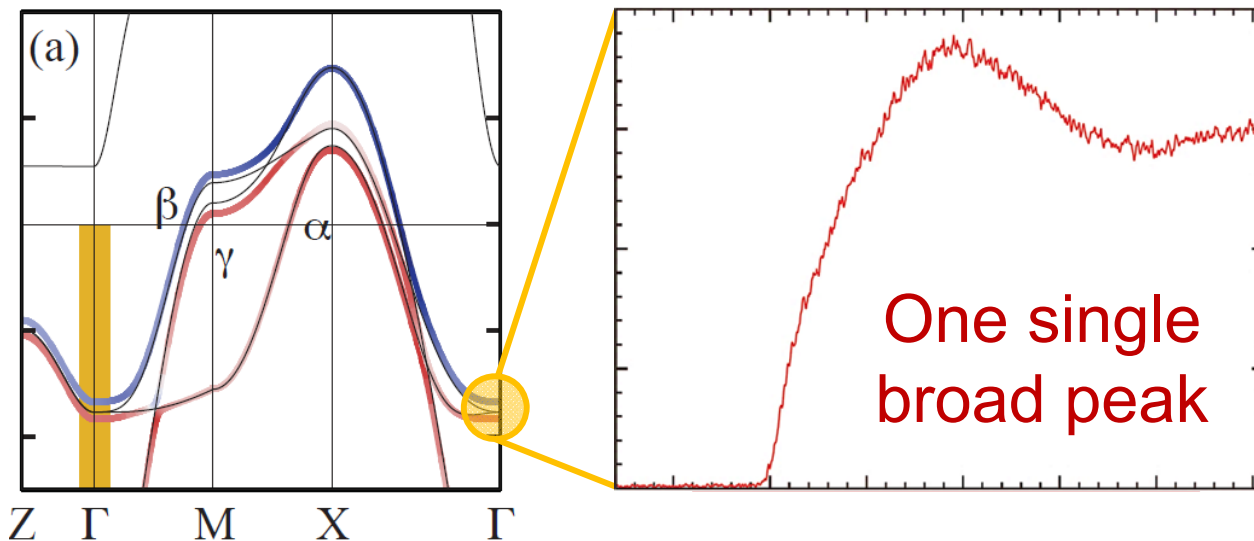




# Direct measurement of SO: Spin-resolved ARPES

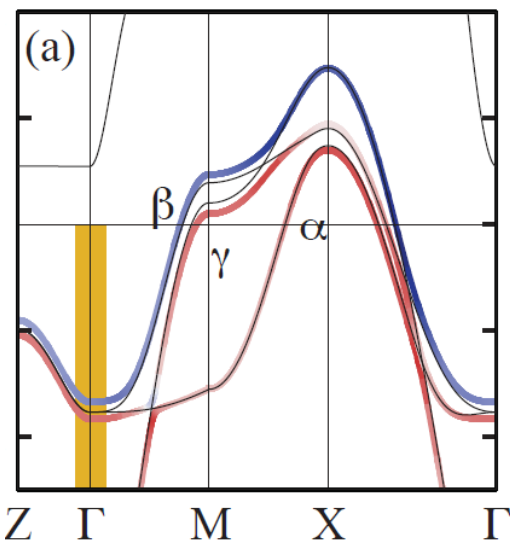
Band structure +  
spin-orbit coupling

Spin-integrated  
ARPES at  $\Gamma$



# Direct measurement of SO: Spin-resolved ARPES

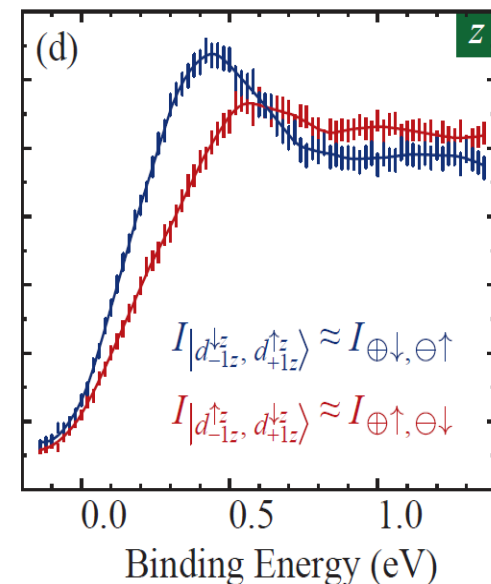
Band structure +  
spin-orbit coupling



New SO-split  
eigenstates

$$\left| d_{-1z}^{\downarrow z}, d_{+1z}^{\uparrow z} \right\rangle$$
$$\left| d_{-1z}^{\uparrow z}, d_{+1z}^{\downarrow z} \right\rangle$$

Circular polarization  
Spin-resolved ARPES

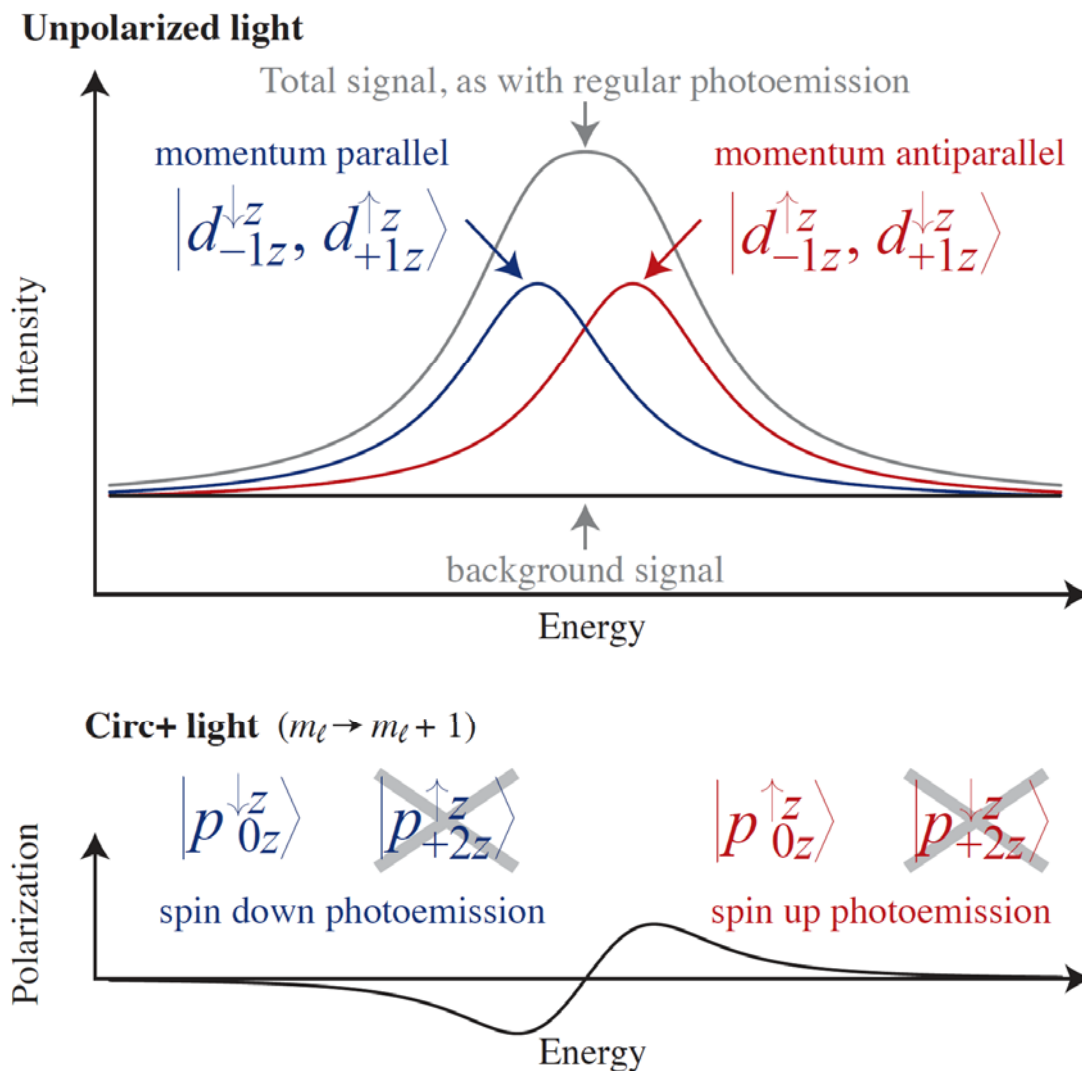


Spin-orbit splitting  $130 \pm 30$  meV

Spin-ARPES confirms SO entanglement

# Direct measurement of SO: Spin-resolved ARPES

Spin-polarized photoemission using selection rules



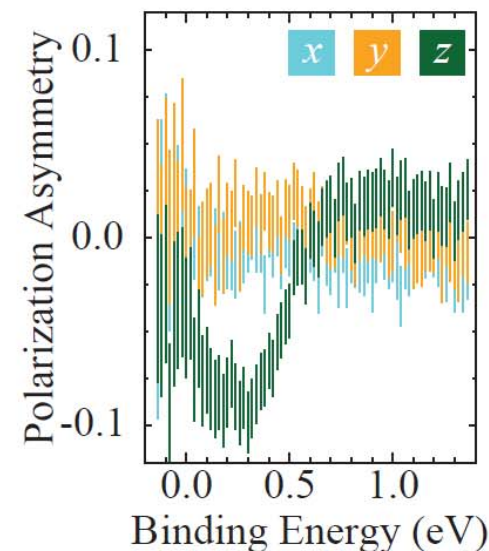
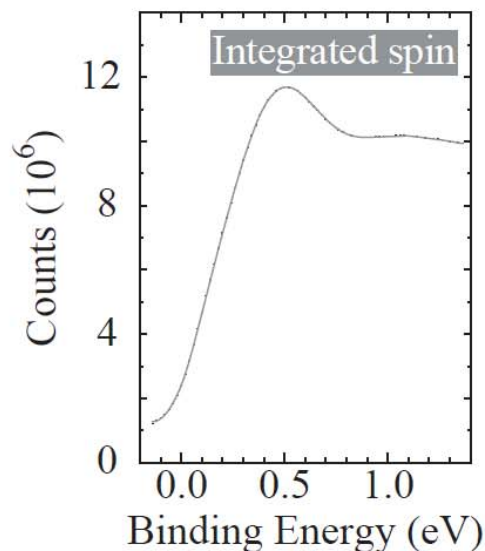
# Direct measurement of SO: Spin-resolved ARPES

Confirming with spin-ARPES

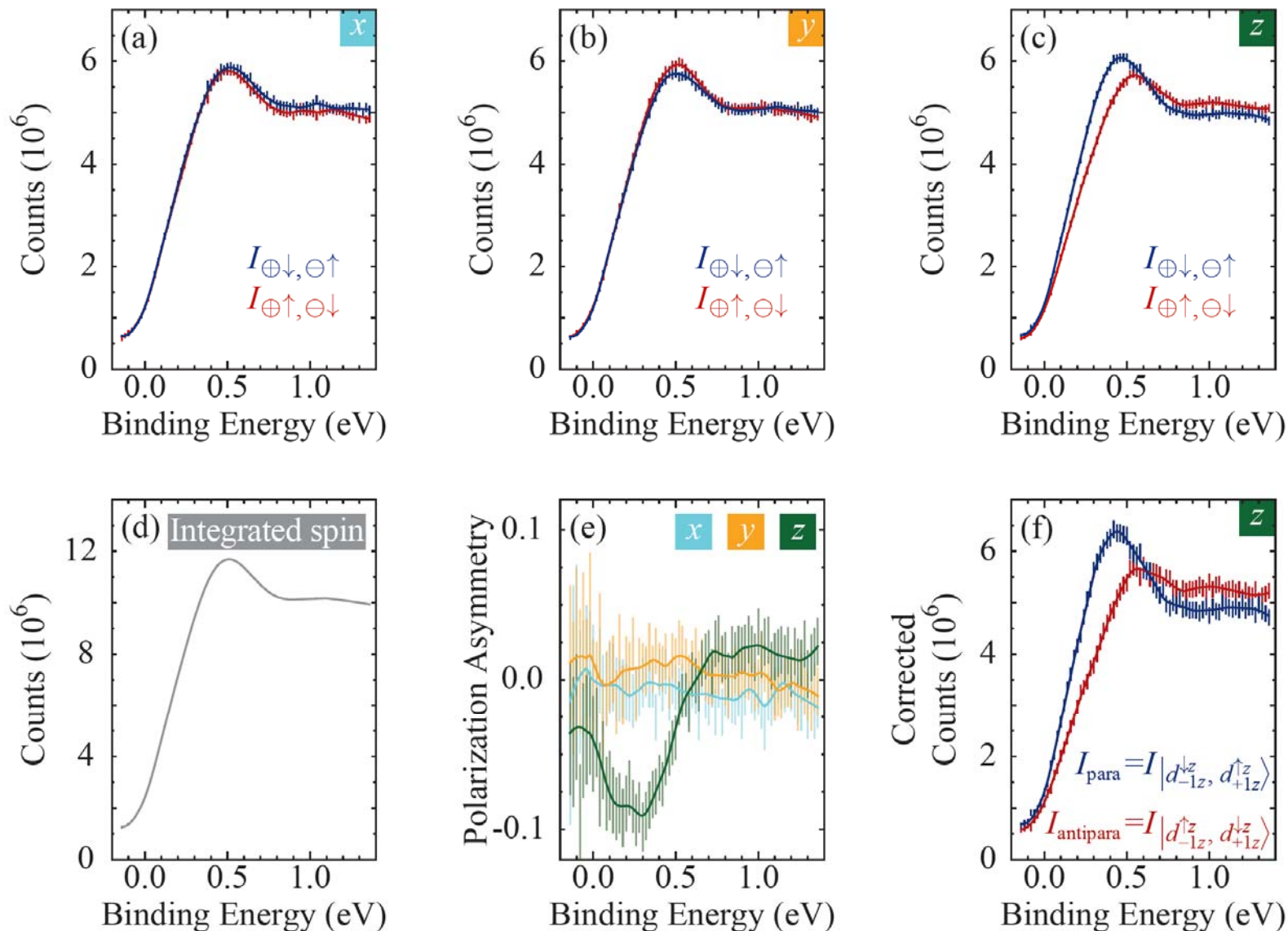
- Initial states **not spin polarized**

$$P^{\otimes} S_{\text{Mott's}} = \frac{\sqrt{I_U^{\oplus} I_D^{\ominus}} - \sqrt{I_D^{\oplus} I_U^{\ominus}}}{\sqrt{I_U^{\oplus} I_D^{\ominus}} + \sqrt{I_D^{\oplus} I_U^{\ominus}}}$$

- Repeat experiment with both helicities
- Measure a clear polarization asymmetry



# Direct measurement of SO: Spin-resolved ARPES

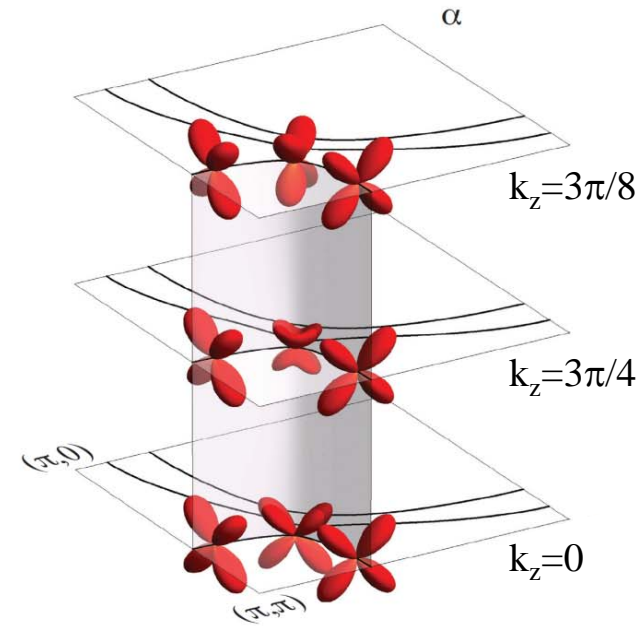
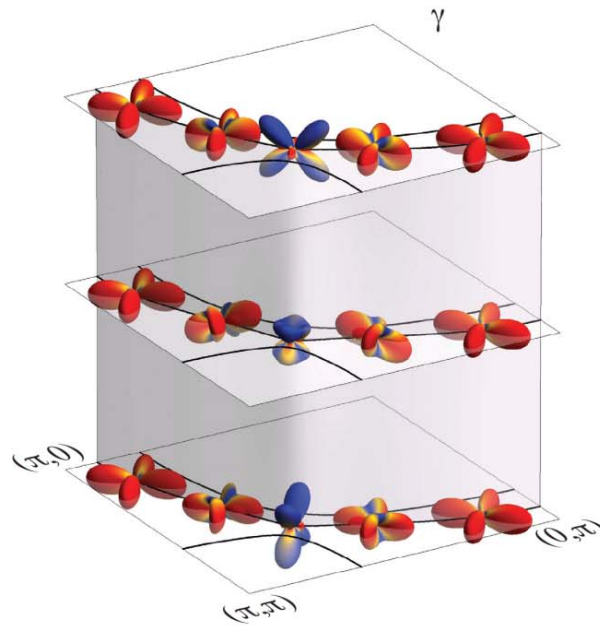
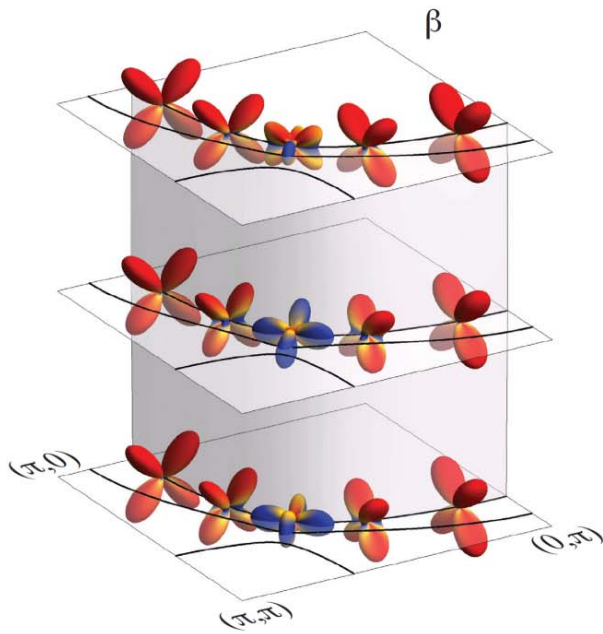




# Spin-Orbit Coupling: K-dependent Entanglement

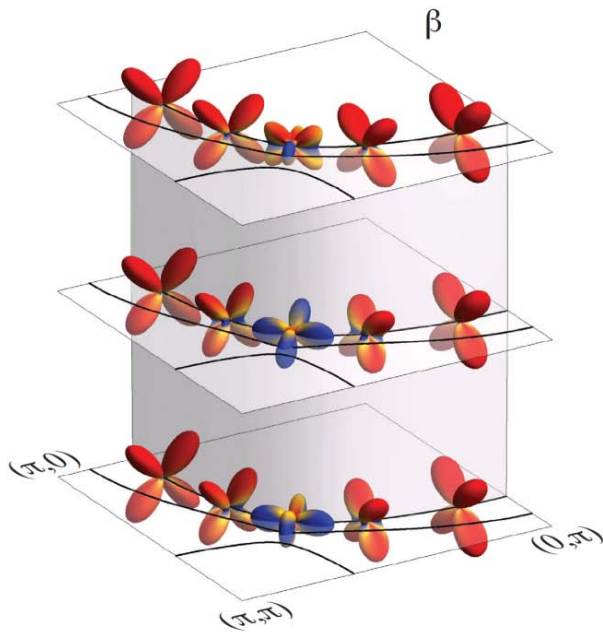
Up  $\uparrow$   $\langle s_z \rangle$   $\downarrow$  Down

K-dependent entanglement of orbital and spin quantum numbers



# Spin-Orbit Coupling: K-dependent Entanglement

Up  $\uparrow$   $\langle s_z \rangle$   $\downarrow$  Down



K-dependent entanglement of orbital and spin quantum numbers

~~$$\psi(\mathbf{k}, \sigma) = \varphi(\mathbf{k}) \phi_{\sigma}^{\text{spin}}$$~~

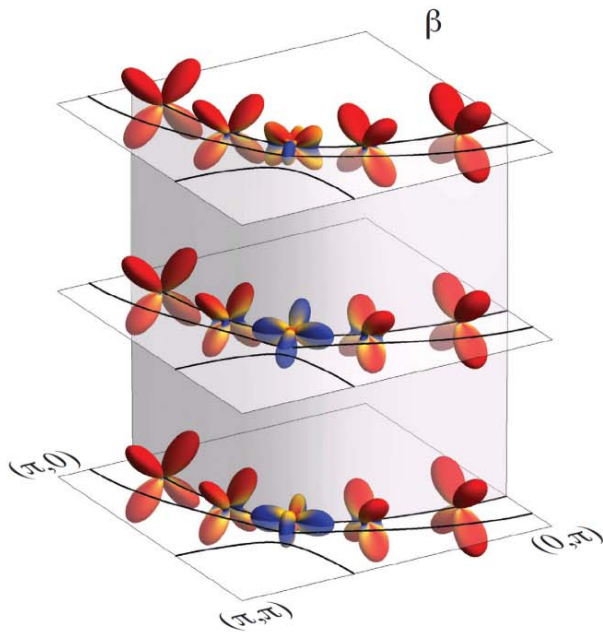
$$\psi(\mathbf{k}, \sigma) = \alpha \varphi_{\uparrow}(\mathbf{k}) \phi_{\uparrow}^{\text{spin}} + \beta \varphi_{\downarrow}(\mathbf{k}) \phi_{\downarrow}^{\text{spin}}$$

What is the fate of spin-triplet superconductivity?

?  $\Psi(\mathbf{r}_1, \sigma_1, \mathbf{r}_2, \sigma_2) = \varphi(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}_2) \phi_{\sigma_1, \sigma_2}^{\text{spin}}$  ?

# Spin-Orbit Coupling: K-dependent Entanglement

Up  $\uparrow$   $\langle s_z \rangle$   $\downarrow$  Down



K-dependent entanglement of orbital and spin quantum numbers

~~$$\psi(\mathbf{k}, \sigma) = \varphi(\mathbf{k}) \phi_{\sigma}^{\text{spin}}$$~~

$$\psi(\mathbf{k}, \sigma) = \alpha \varphi_{\uparrow}(\mathbf{k}) \phi_{\uparrow}^{\text{spin}} + \beta \varphi_{\downarrow}(\mathbf{k}) \phi_{\downarrow}^{\text{spin}}$$

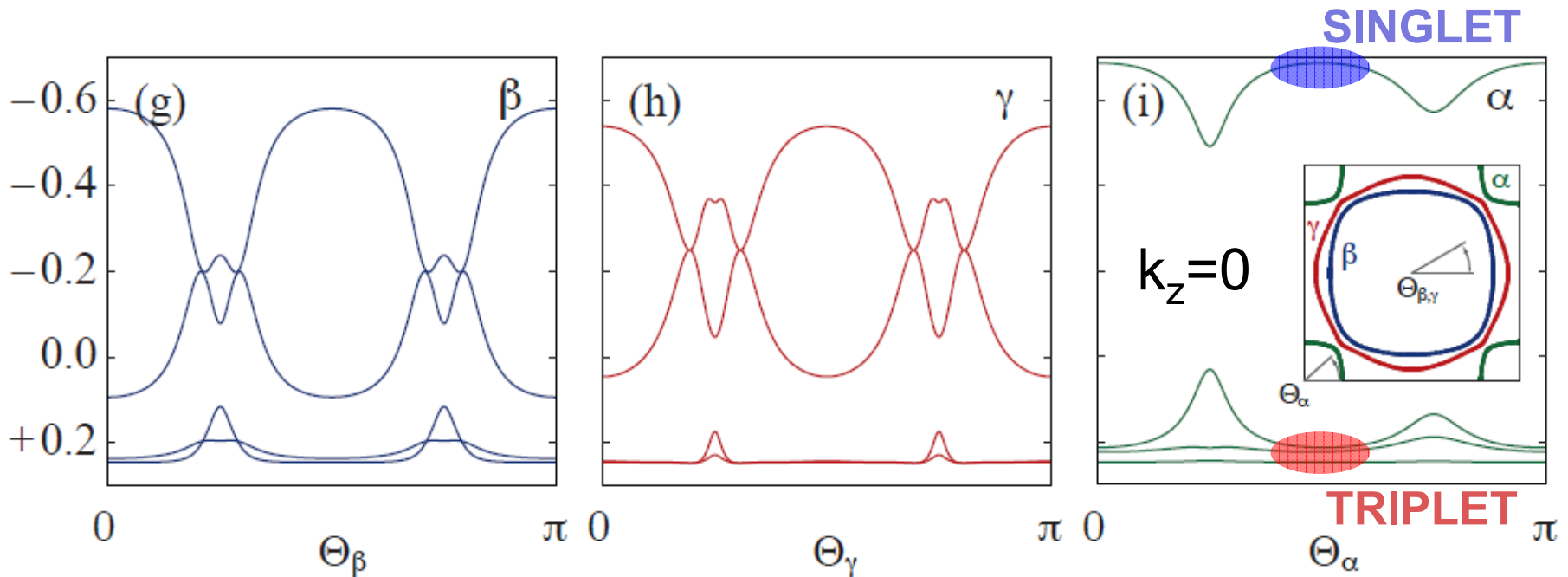
Breakdown of singlet-triplet Cooper pairs!

~~$$\Psi(\mathbf{r}_1, \sigma_1, \mathbf{r}_2, \sigma_2) = \varphi(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}_2) \phi_{\sigma_1, \sigma_2}^{\text{spin}}$$~~

# Spin-Orbit Coupling: What is the Fate of Cooper Pairs?

$$\langle \vec{s}_k \cdot \vec{s}_{-k} \rangle$$

Spin-eigenstates for Cooper pairs

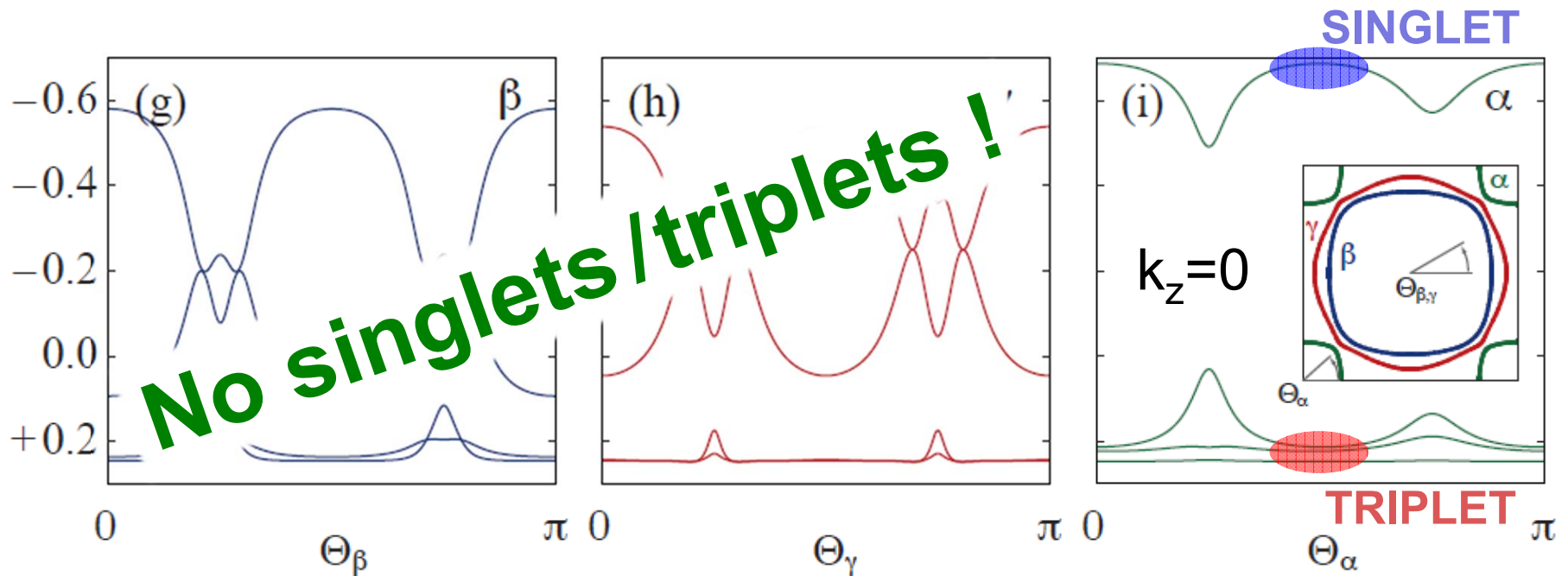


~~$$\Psi(\mathbf{r}_1, \sigma_1, \mathbf{r}_2, \sigma_2) = \varphi(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}_2) \phi_{\sigma_1, \sigma_2}^{\text{spin}}$$~~

# Spin-Orbit Coupling: What is the Fate of Cooper Pairs?

$$\langle \vec{s}_k \cdot \vec{s}_{-k} \rangle$$

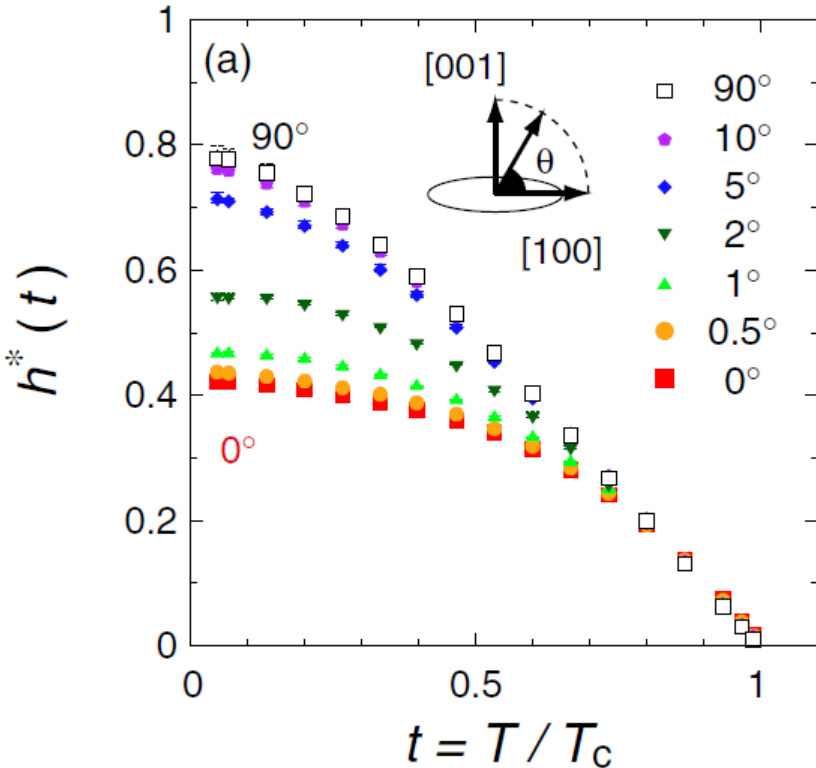
Spin-eigenstates for Cooper pairs



~~$$\Psi(\mathbf{r}_1, \sigma_1, \mathbf{r}_2, \sigma_2) = \varphi(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}_2) \phi_{\sigma_1, \sigma_2}^{\text{spin}}$$~~

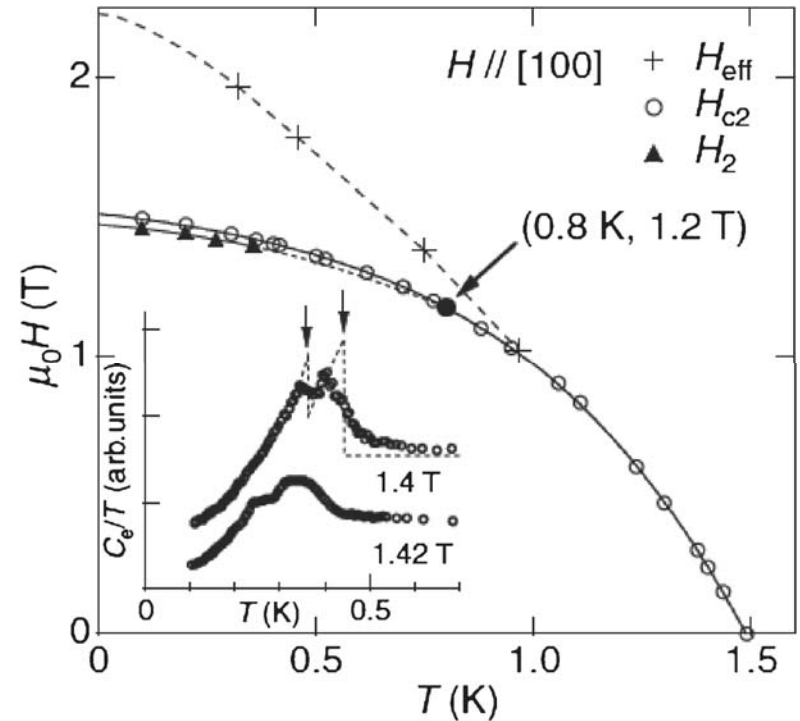
# Sr<sub>2</sub>RuO<sub>4</sub>: Challenges to Spin-triplet Pairing

In plane suppression of  $H_{c2}$   
 Strong for field angle  $\theta < 5^\circ$



Kittaka et al., PRB (2009)  
 Maeno et al., JPSJ (2012)

Additional SC phase transition  
 Suppressed for field angle  $\theta \sim 1^\circ$



Deguchi et al., JPSJ (2002)

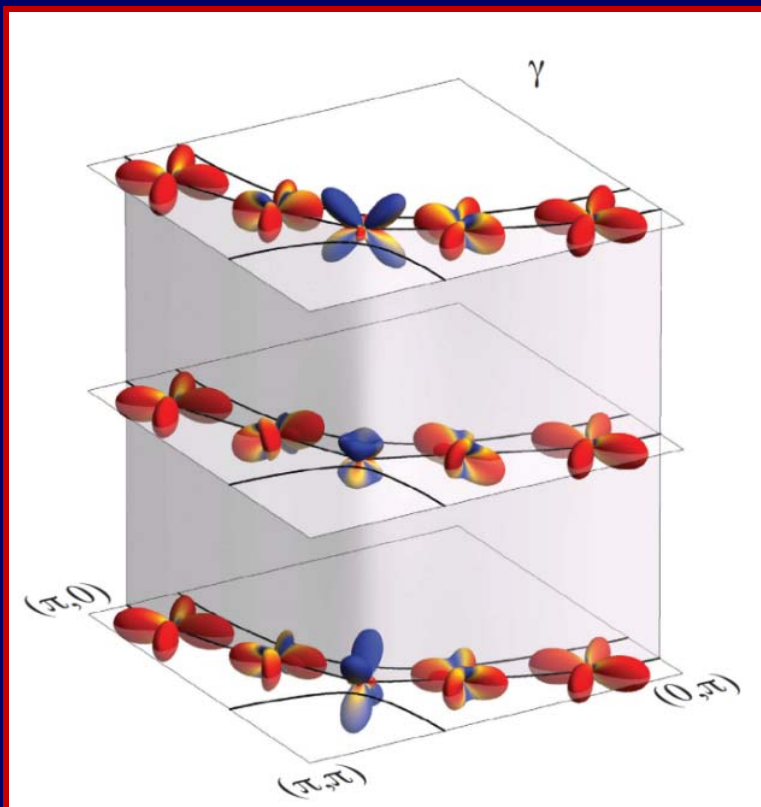
Magnetic anisotropy driven by spin-orbit coupling?



# Direct measurement of SO: Spin-resolved ARPES

## Spin-Orbital Entanglement and the Breakdown of Singlets and Triplets in $\text{Sr}_2\text{RuO}_4$ Revealed by Spin- and Angle-Resolved Photoemission Spectroscopy

C. N. Veenstra,<sup>1</sup> Z.-H. Zhu,<sup>1</sup> M. Raichle,<sup>1</sup> B. M. Ludbrook,<sup>1</sup> A. Nicolaou,<sup>1,2,7</sup> B. Slomski,<sup>3,4</sup> G. Landolt,<sup>3,4</sup>  
S. Kittaka,<sup>5,6</sup> Y. Maeno,<sup>5</sup> J. H. Dil,<sup>3,4</sup> I. S. Elfimov,<sup>1,2</sup> M. W. Haverkort,<sup>1,2,7</sup> and A. Damascelli<sup>1,2,\*</sup>



~~$$\psi(\mathbf{k}, \sigma) = \varphi(\mathbf{k}) \phi_{\sigma}^{\text{spin}}$$~~

~~$$\Psi = \varphi(\mathbf{r}_1, \mathbf{r}_2) \phi_{\sigma_1, \sigma_2}^{\text{spin}}$$~~

NO singlets and triplets  
on most of Fermi surface